



IV. REGISTRATION

REGISTRATION

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IV. REGISTRATION

A. Definitions [Board Motion #12-09-15]

“**breed**” means a breed that is accepted by a recognized foreign stud book or by an association incorporated under the Animal Pedigree Act other than The Canadian Kennel Club;

“**deposited**” for the purposes of Sections 30.1 and 30.2 of The By-laws shall include the uploading of an electronic copy of the Non-Breeding Agreement onto the Club’s online platform. [Board Motions #19-12-21, #91-03-22]

“**listed breed**” means a breed that is included in the Miscellaneous List and that is authorized to participate in Canadian Kennel Club events in accordance with the rules and regulations governing those events;

“**listed dog**” means a dog of a recognized breed that is eligible for Canadian Kennel Club registration and is not a breed listed on the Miscellaneous List;

“**listing**” when applied to a breed, refers to the process by which that breed becomes a listed breed;

“**recognized breed**” means a breed that The Canadian Kennel Club is authorized to register in accordance with the Animal Pedigree Act;

“**recognition**” refers to the process by which a listed breed becomes a recognized breed;

“**Rules of Eligibility**” defines the breed distinguishing characteristics for registration of a breed and these traits shall reflect the physical essence of the breed and shall be observable and measurable.

B. Recognition and Listing of New Breeds

- (1) The procedures for listing and recognizing a breed is set out in **PROCEDURE RG004**.
- (2) There shall not be any minimum requirement in terms of the number of dogs or the number of importers before the Board may consider listing or recognition.
- (3) Upon approving a new breed as a listed breed, the Board shall approve the standards of the country of origin of the breed at the time of listing. Before Board approval is granted for any breed standard for a newly listed breed, the standard will be revised so as to remove any reference to preference being given to cropped and/or docked dogs.
- (4) Recognition of a new breed by The Canadian Kennel Club shall be subject always to the provisions of the Animal Pedigree Act (Section 20) and shall only become effective upon final approval from the Ministry of Agriculture Canada.
- (5) No breed is to be listed merely on the grounds that a resident of a country other than Canada is anxious to show at Canadian dog shows, dogs of a breed not yet recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (6) The applicant(s) for listing or recognition of a breed shall pay an administrative fee as noted in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website. If the Board does not approve an application, the fee shall be refunded to the applicant(s).

- (7) In those circumstances where a large Canadian-born population of breed specimens has developed over a considerable number of years and consequently The Canadian Kennel Club is satisfied that it is unreasonable to expect adherence to **PROCEDURE RG003** of these rules, the Registration Committee may direct that representatives of the breed, whelped in Canada prior to the date upon which the breed was recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club, be individually registered on the basis of acceptable copies of pedigrees and certificates of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by a foreign breed club which heretofore maintained the stud book for the breed. Such pedigrees and certificates must, however, meet the standards as set forth for those issued by foreign clubs whose stud books are recognized by the Club. This provision shall be effective for only two (2) years following the date upon which the breed was recognized by the Club following which Canadian-born specimens may only be registered in the manner described in **PROCEDURE RG003** above. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

C. Recognized and Listed Breeds

- (1) The breeds currently recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club are set out in **Appendix 1** of this Chapter.
- (2) The breeds currently accepted as listed breeds by The Canadian Kennel Club are set out in **Appendix 2** of this Chapter.
- (3) Until such time as the American Pit Bull Terrier is recognized by the American Kennel Club, The Canadian Kennel Club will not consider an application for listing or recognition of this breed.

D. Registration of Individual Dogs [Board Motion #35-06-21]

- (1) Only the recorded owner at the time of birth of the litter may apply for registration of a dog and only the recorded owner at the time of birth will be considered the recorded owner of the dog at birth.
- (2) Applications for registration of individual dogs born in Canada must be on the form supplied by the Club for that purpose, in accordance with Section 28.1 of The By-laws. Only those forms which have been computer-generated and forwarded to applicants upon registration of a litter, may be used for this purpose. All applications, other than the said computer-generated forms, will be rejected by Head Office, unless express permission has been granted to the applicant by Head Office to submit a replacement for such form.
- (3) The Canadian Kennel Club will permit and record more than one (1) owner of a dog. In such cases, the certificate of registration will reside with the owner who normally has care and custody of the dog.
- (4) Only one (1) certificate of registration shall be issued for any one (1) dog, regardless of the number of owners of the dog.
- (5) In the case of co-owned dogs, only the address of the first recorded owner shall appear on the certificate of registration.
- (6) The accurate colour and pattern of the dog should be selected from the available recognized choices for the breed.
- (7) Where the colour and/or pattern of the dog does not conform to one of the available recognized choices for the breed, the category “non-standard colour” (NSC) should be selected, and the specific colour/pattern should be indicated in the available write-in/type-in field.

- (8) The CKC *may* request DNA parentage verification testing before registering any or all NSC dog registrations.
- (9) Permitted colours and patterns for a breed may be specified or restricted in the ROE for the breed. Where the indicated NSC is restricted in the ROE for the breed, a non-breeding registration will be provided.
- (10) The colour of a dog may be changed when the incorrect colour was designated on the application/online registration. [Board Motions #05-06-18, #12-09-20]
 - (a) Head Office will request a letter from the breeder setting forth the reason why the colour should be changed.
 - (b) A fee is required for the amendment as prescribed in the Schedule of Fees.
 - (c) Upon an amendment of a registration certificate, the original registration certificate shall subsequently become the permanent property of the Club.
 - (d) Where the change of colour is to a NSC, 6-9 above will apply for the amended certificate.
 - (e) Where the change of colour is from a NSC to a recognized choice for the breed, an examination committee may be required to make the final determination, subject to the fee set out in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website.
- (11) A dog resulting from a mating or whelping which occurred while an owner or co-owner is deprived, suspended or expelled is ineligible for registration.
- (12) The validation of letters concerning the age of dogs identified in The By-laws, Section 28.11, shall be delegated by the Registration Committee to the Executive Director or his designate. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (13) In cases of a dog born in Canada, it is the right of the owner of the dog at birth to name the dog, and the owner is not obligated to consult the buyer.
- (14) Canadian-bred dogs from a litter whelped prior to the owner at birth being deprived or suspended of The Canadian Kennel Club privileges shall be considered eligible for registration, irrespective of when the application for registration is submitted, providing the purchaser submits proof of purchase or an affidavit attesting to the fact that the sale did in fact, take place prior to the seller being deprived or suspended of Club privileges.
- (15) The Registration Committee may authorize registration of an individual dog which has comprised a litter registered prior to one of the co-owners at birth being deprived or suspended of the privileges of the Club or, where the litter was registered under the provisions set forth in **section 4, page 4:6**, providing such application is made by the co-owner in good standing and the decision of the Registration Committee is subject to the conditions heretofore expressed in that section.
- (16) Regarding applications for registration of foreign-born dogs imported to Canada, it should be noted that it is the responsibility of the importer to identify a dog for The Canadian Kennel Club registration purposes. Failure to address this responsibility will provide cause to deny Club registration to the imported dog or any of its Canadian-born progeny should the dog expire before identification and Club registration is achieved. No foreign dog will be eligible for registration if not identified, as required, under the terms of The By-laws, Section 25 and Section 28.6 (a), (b), (c).
- (17) The By-laws shall be consistently enforced by requiring the importer to submit with the application for registration of a foreign-born dog evidence as to the date of importation and by whom the dog was imported. Such evidence may be a Canadian customs certificate or an air waybill.

- (18) The Registration Committee shall not authorize registration of a Canadian born-dog that is not litter-registered by The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (19) The Registration Committee may authorize registration of an individual dog when the owner at birth is unavailable for acquisition of a properly completed application or is deprived or suspended of privileges, if the purchaser provides an application completed in every respect except for the signature(s) of the owner(s) at birth, the registration and transfer fees and a sworn affidavit attesting to the date of purchase. (If the owner at birth is not deprived or suspended of privileges, a bill of sale will be accepted in lieu of said affidavit).
- (20) The Registration Committee shall not authorize the registration or transfer of a dog owned at birth or registered to the ownership of a married couple, if the signature of one or the other is unavailable.
- (21) The Registration Committee has full authority to call for private breeding records and to form an Examining Committee (see **Section G**) for the purpose of examining dogs and inspecting records.
- (22) The owner at birth or the importer of a dog is entirely responsible for identification regardless of who may be asked to identify a dog for registration purposes.

E. Registration of Litters [Board Motions #12-09-15, #09-03-20, #35-09-20, #42-12-20, #05-06-21]

- (1) Only the recorded owner or lessee of the dam at the time of birth of the litter may apply for registration of a litter and only the recorded owner or lessee of the dam at the time of birth will be considered the recorded owner at birth of the litter.
- (2) The owner or lessee of the dam and sire at the time of birth of the litter shall certify that the parents of the litter (sire and dam) meet the Rules of Eligibility for the breed.
- (3) Where puppies in a litter are born on different dates the official date of birth for the entire litter will be the date on which the first puppy was whelped.
- (4) Any litter which is mated or whelped during the period of deprivation, suspension or expulsion of any owner or co-owner of a dog shall not be eligible for registration. [Board Motion #116-03-16]
- (5) Where application is made for the registration of a Canadian-born litter, which is co-owned at birth and, where it is determined that one of the said co-owners is deprived or suspended of the privileges of The Canadian Kennel Club, the Registration Committee may authorize registration of said litter, providing the Committee is satisfied that the litter was whelped prior to the deprivation or suspension of privileges being imposed and the applicant in good standing was unaware that the co-owner was so penalized and failed to apply for registration of said litter before implementation of the penalty.
- (6) The Registration Committee may not authorize registration of a litter unless it is satisfactorily demonstrated that the dam is registered in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club and, the sire is either Canadian Kennel Club-registered or a foreign-owned dog eligible for Canadian Kennel Club registration. If the dam and/or sire is not Canadian Kennel Club registered it must be demonstrated that the un-registered dog is (1) eligible for registration and (2) application and fees to facilitate such registration can be obtained, otherwise, litter registration is not worthy of the Registration Committee's consideration.
- (7) The Registration Committee may not authorize registration of a litter if a properly executed litter application is unavailable, unless the requirements in (1) above are complied with and some involved party can attest to the mating between the alleged sire and dam, also the date of birth. It is also preferable that the number and sex of the

progeny comprising the litter be established to facilitate the registration of all pups comprising said litter. Alternatively, the Registration Committee can authorize the litter be registered as comprising only the pup or puppies for whom individual registration is actively sought at the time of the Committee's consideration.

- (8) When a request is made to amend the Dam, Sire or the number of progeny to a registered litter, an application must be made to the Registration Committee with supporting evidence for consideration. [Board Motion #18-12-21]
- (9) If the sire of the litter is a foreign-born dog not registered with The Canadian Kennel Club, the Registration Committee must receive, to facilitate litter registration, a copy of a certified three-generation pedigree of the dog, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by a recognized foreign club, also, an official chain of ownership from the American Kennel Club (or relative foreign club) to confirm legal title to the dog by the alleged owner(s). [Board Motions #07-03-13, #17-12-21]
- (10) Evidence of a DNA parentage profile is required to accompany a litter application on any male dog from a registry or a foreign stud book, recognized or unrecognized by The Canadian Kennel Club, that has sired a litter on or after July 1, 2020, before registration of the litter will be entertained. Semen collected and stored prior to July 1, 2020, will be exempt from submitting a DNA parentage profile on a litter application form. [Board Motions #03-07-20, #17-12-21]
- (11) These DNA profiles will be used for parentage verification, and thus will be used to advance issues relating to the integrity of the registry.
- (12) DNA Parentage Profile does not and is not intended to provide any information about the conformation of the dog, the presence/absence of genetic diseases, or any information about the breed of a dog.
- (13) Parentage may only be verified by comparing the DNA profiles for the sire, dam and progeny of the litter.
- (14) These DNA Profiles are used solely for genetic identity and parentage verification purposes.
- (15) When an application has been made for the registration of a Canadian-Born Litter whelped by a Dam that has whelped a previous litter within the preceding 135 days, the second litter shall not be eligible for registration. The application must be referred to the Registration Committee with supporting evidence requesting their consideration to register the litter born within 135 days from the previous litter. [Board Motion #07-12-20]

F. Registration Guidelines

- (1) Applications for registry services from the residents of St. Pierre and Miquelon will be accepted by The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (2) Breed Standards
 - (a) For the procedure on modifying breed standards, see "Procedure RG002 – "Proposed Changes To A Breed Standard".
- (3) Identifying Colours
 - (a) The colour "Tricolour" can legitimately be used in describing the colour of the following breeds only:
 - (1) Cavalier King Charles Spaniel
 - (2) Collie (Rough)
 - (3) Collie (Smooth)

- (4) English Toy Spaniel (Prince Charles variety only)
- (5) Papillon
- (6) Saluki

- (b) In the breed standard for the above breeds, the term “tricolour” is defined.
- (c) In all other breeds, the three colours involved must be indicated.
- (d) The colour “Sable Merle” shall be considered an acceptable term in registering Collies (Rough and Smooth) and Cardigan Welsh Corgis.

(4) American Foxhounds

The following are Special Regulations applying to the registration of American Foxhounds registered individually in the International Fox Hunters’ Stud Book (Chase Publishing Co.):

(a) Registration of Individual American Foxhounds Born in the United States:

A purebred American Foxhound, born in the United States, registered individually in the International Fox Hunters’ Stud Book and imported to Canada by a resident of Canada, shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

- (1) The resident of Canada who imported the dog completes and submits an official *Club Application for Registration of an Individual Dog* with the required fee.

NOTE 1: Where a resident of Canada wishes to register an American-born American Foxhound registered individually in the International Fox Hunters’ Stud Book and said person was not the importer of the dog, the application for registration must be completed by the resident of Canada who imported the dog and the application form must be accompanied by a regularly completed Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form for each change of ownership that has taken place since the dog was owned by the resident of Canada who imported the dog; regular transfer of ownership fee shall apply in connection with each such transfer of ownership.

- (2) The dog must be identified in accordance with The By-laws, Section 25.

- (3) The copy of the certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, for the dog as issued by the International Fox Hunters’ Stud Book, showing the ownership of the resident of Canada who imported the dog must accompany the *Application for Registration* form. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

NOTE 2: Where a resident of Canada other than the importer wishes to register an American-born American Foxhound registered individually in the International Fox Hunters’ Stud Book, said I.F.S.B. certificate may show the ownership of the importer or any subsequent resident of Canada who acquired the dog (see “Note 1” above).

- (4) The copy of the International Fox Hunters’ Stud Book certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application must show three (3) generations (fourteen immediate ancestors), or, as an alternative, the application must be accompanied by a copy of a certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the International

Fox Hunters' Stud Book, showing three (3) generations of ancestry.
[Board Motion #07-03-13]

(b) Registration of Individual American Foxhounds Born in Canada:

A purebred American Foxhound born in Canada and registered individually in the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

- (1) The owner at time of birth completes and submits an official Club *Application for Registration of an Individual Dog* form with the required fee; each subsequent change of ownership registerable at the regular fee.
- (2) The dog must be identified in accordance with The By-laws, Section 25.
- (3) The copy of the certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, for the dog as issued by the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book, showing the ownership of the owner at birth, accompanies the application for registration. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (4) The copy of the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application must show three (3) generations (fourteen immediate ancestors), or, as an alternative, the application must be accompanied by a copy of a certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book, showing three (3) generations of ancestry. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

NOTE 3: Where a resident of Canada, other than the owner at birth, wishes to register an American Foxhound born in Canada and registered individually in the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book, The Canadian Kennel Club application for registration must be completed by the owner at birth and an *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form submitted for each change of ownership that has taken place since the dog was owned by the owner at birth. The copy of the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application for registration must show the ownership of the owner at birth, or the ownership of a resident of Canada who subsequently acquired the dog. Regular transfer fees will apply on additional transfers). [Board Motion #07-03-13]

(c) Any other purebred American Foxhound born in Canada is eligible for registration provided it is part (or whole) of a litter registered in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club. Where registration of an American Foxhound born in Canada is applied for as provided in The By-laws, Section 26.1, the Registration Committee may require additional information beyond the three-generation pedigree submitted by the applicant.

(d) Registration of Litters of American Foxhounds

- (1) Registration of litters of American Foxhounds shall be as provided in The By-laws, Section 27.
- (2) Where the sire of a litter is an American-born American Foxhound owned in the United States, the words "registered in an American stud book or record recognized by this Club", shall mean registration in the American Kennel Club Stud Book or registration in the International Fox Hunters' Stud Book.

- (5) Australian Shepherd Dogs
- (a) Australian Shepherd Dogs registered with a U.S. registry association other than the Australian Shepherd Club of America (A.S.C.A.), are not considered eligible for Canadian Kennel Club registration unless approved under the Club's Special Regulations applicable to dogs imported to Canada or by the Club's Registration Committee in accordance with The By-laws, Section 13.1 (b)(ii).
 - (b) Copies of certificates and pedigrees, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the American Kennel Club and or the Australian Shepherd Club of America shall be accepted by The Canadian Kennel Club for registration purposes. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (6) Belgian Shepherd Dogs
- (a) The Registration Division is authorized to register as a "Belgian Shepherd Dog (T)" any Belgian Shepherd Dog registered with the American Kennel Club as a "Belgian Tervuren".
 - (b) Interbreeding of the varieties of Belgian Shepherd Dogs is permissible.
 - (c) The Registration Division is empowered to carry out the annotation of Belgian Shepherd Dogs on registration certificates.
 - (d) All applications submitted for the registration of Belgian Shepherd Dogs must specify the coat variety of the dog for which registration is sought.
 - (e) All certificates of registration and pedigrees issued for the Belgian Shepherd Dog shall specify, behind the breed, an annotation indicating the coat variety of the dog for whom said certificate or pedigree is being issued.
 - (f) The coat varieties within this breed are as follows:
 - (1) Tervuren
 - (2) Groenendael
 - (3) Malinois
 - (4) Laeken
 - (g) When typing a certificate of registration or a certified pedigree, the coat variety will be specified behind the breed (e.g., Belgian Shepherd Dog (T), Belgian Shepherd Dog (G), Belgian Shepherd Dog (M), Belgian Shepherd Dog (L)). If The Canadian Kennel Club should receive an application for registration of a Belgian Shepherd Dog, whereon the coat variety is shown as a type other than those listed above, this will be annotated on the certificates or pedigrees by following the breed with the letter (O), meaning "other" (e.g., Belgian Shepherd Dog (O)).

- (7) Chihuahuas
- (a) The coat varieties within this breed are as follows:
 - (1) Short Coat
 - (2) Long Coat
 - (b) The coat variety must be indicated on all applications for registration.
 - (c) Interbreeding between the two varieties shall be permitted.
 - (d) Canadian or foreign-born Chihuahuas with the merle coat pattern will not be eligible for registration as of September 1, 2010.
 - (e) Chihuahuas which emanate from a parent exhibiting the merle coat colour pattern will not be accepted for registration purposes.
- (8) Collies (Rough and Smooth)
- (a) Rough and Smooth Collies shall be considered two (2) varieties of one (1) breed and interbreeding between the two varieties shall be permitted.
 - (b) Policies regarding the interbreeding of Rough and Smooth Collies are as follows:
 - (1) Where breeding occurs between a Collie (Rough) and a Collie (Smooth), each member of the resulting litter shall be eligible for registration in the Club's records according to the standard of which it most closely conforms.
 - (2) Where breeding occurs between Collies of the "Smooth" variety and any member of the resulting litter conforms more closely to the standard of the variety other than that of its parents, it shall be eligible for registration in The Canadian Kennel Club records according to the standard to which it most closely conforms.
 - (3) Individual certificates of registration issued by The Canadian Kennel Club for Collies shall reflect, in parentheses, the coat variety to which the dog has been designated by its owner at birth or Canadian importer in the case of a foreign-born dog, unless otherwise stipulated on the foreign certificate of registration.
- (9) Dachshunds
- (a) To allow for the importation of Dachshunds from foreign jurisdictions that permit interbreeding of the Dachshund size and coat varieties, The Canadian Kennel Club By-laws recognize Dachshunds as a single breed, subject to special regulations for registration. However, for all practical purposes (i.e., for both registration and participation in CKC events), Dachshunds will be treated by The Canadian Kennel Club as six (6) separate breeds defined by the two (2) sizes (Standard and Miniature) and three (3) coat varieties (Smooth, Long-haired and Wire-haired). Interbreeding of the six (6) breeds will not be permitted by breeders resident in Canada.
 - (b) The breed will be identified on Canadian Kennel Club certificates of registration, in both English and French, by the term "Dachshund", followed by the size and coat variety in parentheses.
 - (c) All Dachshunds will be registered in The Canadian Kennel Club records according to their actual size and coat variety.

- (d) Since the gene pool of Dachshunds in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club will include dogs carrying recessive coat varieties, the following regulations apply to the registration of individual dogs of litters whelped in Canada containing recessive pups:
- (1) Long-haired parents can only produce Long-haired pups;
 - (2) Smooth parents can produce Smooth and Long-haired pups;
 - (3) Wire-haired parents can produce Wire-haired, Smooth and/or Long-haired pups;
 - (4) Registration of recessive pups not provided for in the above combinations must have the parentage of all members of the litter confirmed by DNA testing; and
 - (5) Recessive pups will have the letters “RD” annotated to the individual registration.
- (e) The requirements for registration in The Canadian Kennel Club records of an imported Dachshund are as set out in Section 28 of The By-laws. In the case of a Dachshund imported from a country which does not recognize six (6) Dachshund breeds as does The Canadian Kennel Club, the signature(s) of the importer(s) on the application for registration shall be deemed certification that the dog is of the size and coat variety designated on the application form.
- (f) The requirements for registration in The Canadian Kennel Club records of a Dachshund (not born in Canada) owned in the United States are as set out in Section 28 of The By-laws, and the signature(s) of the applicant(s) shall be deemed certification that the dog is of the size and coat variety designated on the application form.
- (g) For registration of a litter of Dachshunds whelped in Canada and sired by a Dachshund (not registered individually in The Canadian Kennel Club records) owned by a resident of the U.S.A., the signatures of the owner(s) of the sire and the breeder(s) on the application form shall be deemed certification that the sire and the dam are of the same size and coat variety.
- (10) Greyhounds
- (a) The following sections pertain to The Canadian Kennel Club Regulations applying to the registration of Greyhounds registered individually in the National Coursing Association Stud Book. Effective 1973, the National Coursing Association, U.S.A., changed the name of their Stud Book record to “National Greyhound Association”. In 1982, The Canadian Kennel Club was officially notified that the National Coursing Association, England, had changed the name of their Stud Book record to Greyhound Stud Book. Pedigrees and certificates of registration issued by the newly named associations noted above will be accepted by The Canadian Kennel Club in lieu of pedigrees and certificates issued by the former National Coursing Associations.
- (b) Registration of Individual Greyhounds Born in the United States:
- A purebred Greyhound, born in the United States, registered individually in the National Coursing Association Stud Book, and imported to Canada by a resident of Canada, shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

- (1) The resident of Canada who imported the dog completes and submits an official Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Registration of an Individual Dog* form with the required fee.

NOTE: Where a resident of Canada wishes to register an American-born Greyhound registered individually in the National Coursing Association Stud Book and said person was not the importer of the dog, the application for registration must be completed by the resident of Canada who imported the dog and the application for registration form must be accompanied by a regularly completed Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form for each change of ownership that has taken place since the dog was owned by the resident of Canada who imported the dog; regular transfer of ownership fee shall apply in connection with each such transfer of ownership.

- (2) The dog is identified in accordance with The By-laws, Section 25.
- (3) The copy of the certificate of registration for the dog as issued by the National Coursing Association, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, showing the ownership of the resident of Canada who imported the dog (or subsequent owner) accompanies the application for registration form. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (4) The copy of The National Coursing Association certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application must show three (3) generations (fourteen ancestors) of ancestry, or, as an alternative, the application must be accompanied by a copy of the certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the National Coursing Association, showing three (3) generations of ancestry. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

- (c) Registration of Individual Greyhounds Born in Any Country Other Than the United States or Canada and Imported into Canada:

A purebred Greyhound, born in any country other than the United States or Canada and imported into Canada, shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that all the requirements set forth in the section above entitled "Registration of Individual Greyhounds Born in the United States" are complied with.

- (d) Registration of Individual Greyhounds Born in Canada:

A purebred Greyhound, born in Canada and registered individually in the National Coursing Association Stud Book shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

- (1) The owner at time of birth completes and submits an official Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Registration of an Individual Dog* form with the required fee; each subsequent change of ownership registerable at the regular fee.
- (2) The dog is identified in accordance with The By-laws, Section 25.
- (3) The copy of the certificate of registration for the dog, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, as issued by the National Coursing Association, showing the ownership of the owner at birth (or subsequent owner), accompanies the application for registration form. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

NOTE: If the certificate of registration, as issued by the National Coursing Association shows ownership of a person other than the owner at birth, the application for registration must be accompanied by a properly completed Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form that has taken place since the dog was the property of its owner at birth.

(4) The copy of the National Coursing Association certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application must show three (3) generations (fourteen ancestors), or, as an alternative, the application must be accompanied by a copy of the certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the National Coursing Association, showing three (3) generations of ancestry. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

(e) Registration of Litters of Purebred Greyhounds

(1) Registration of litters of purebred Greyhounds shall be as provided in The By-laws, Section 27.

(2) Where the sire of a litter is an American-born Greyhound, or a Greyhound imported into the United States from any country other than Canada, the words “registered in an American stud book or record recognized by this Club”, shall mean registration in the American Kennel Club Stud Book or registration in the National Coursing Association Stud Book.

(11) Harriers and Beagles

The following are Special Regulations applying to the registration of Harriers and Beagles registered individually in the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles Stud Book:

(a) Registration of Individual Harriers or Beagles Born in the United States

A purebred Harrier or Beagle, born in the United States, registered individually in the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles Stud Book and imported to Canada by a resident of Canada, shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

(1) The resident of Canada who imported the dog completes and submits an official Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Registration of an Individual Dog* form with the required fee.

NOTE: Where a resident of Canada wishes to register an American-born Harrier or Beagle registered individually in the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles Stud Book and said person was not the importer of the dog, the application for registration must be completed by the resident of Canada who imported the dog and the application for registration form must be accompanied by regularly completed Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form for each change of ownership that has taken place since the dog was owned by the resident of Canada who imported the dog; regular transfer of ownership fee shall apply in connection with each such transfer of ownership.

(2) The dog is identified in accordance with The By-laws, Section 25.

(3) The copy of the certificate of registration for the dog, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, as issued by the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles, showing the ownership of the resident of Canada who imported the dog (or subsequent owner) accompanies the application for registration form. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

- (4) The copy of the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application must show three (3) generations (fourteen ancestors) of ancestry, or, as an alternative, the application must be accompanied by a copy of the certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles, showing three (3) generations of ancestry. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

- (b) Registration of Individual Harriers or Beagles Born in Any Country Other than the United States or Canada and Imported into Canada

A purebred Harrier or Beagle, born in any country other than the United States or Canada and imported into Canada, registered individually in the records of the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles, shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that all the requirements set forth in the section above entitled "Registration of Individual Harriers or Beagles Born in the United States" are complied with.

- (c) Registration of Individual Harriers or Beagles Born in Canada

A purebred Harrier or Beagle, born in Canada and registered individually in the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles Stud Book shall be eligible for registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

- (1) The owner at time of birth completes and submits an official Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Registration of an Individual Dog* form with the required fee; each subsequent change of ownership registerable at the regular fee.
- (2) The dog is identified in accordance with The By-laws, Section 25.
- (3) The copy of the certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, for the dog as issued by the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles, showing the ownership of the owner at birth (or subsequent owner), accompanies the application for registration form. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

NOTE: If the certificate of registration, as issued by the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles shows ownership of a person other than the owner at birth, the application for registration must be accompanied by a properly completed Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form that has taken place since the dog was the property of its owner at birth.

- (4) The copy of the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, accompanying the application must show three (3) generations (14 ancestors), or, as an alternative, the application must be accompanied by a copy of the certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles, showing three (3) generations of ancestry. [Board Motion #07-03-13]

- (d) Registration of Litters of Purebred Harriers or Beagles

- (1) Registration of litters of purebred Harriers or Beagles shall be as provided in The By-laws, Section 27.

- (2) Where the sire of a litter is an American-born Harrier or Beagle, or a Harrier or Beagle imported into the United States from any country other than Canada, the words “registered in an American stud book or record recognized by this Club”, shall mean registration in the American Kennel Club Stud Book or registration in the Association of Masters of Harriers and Beagles Stud Book.

(12) Indigenous Breeds

The following breeds are recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club as being indigenous to Canada: Canadian Eskimo Dog, Tahltan Bear Dog, Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever, Newfoundland Dog, Labrador Retriever. [Board Motion #60-12-16]

The following are Special Regulations [approved by the Ministry of Agriculture Canada, January 20, 1988], pertaining to the registration of indigenous breeds recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club (see “Recognized Breeds”):

- (a) Each dog must be identified by tattoo markings or microchip implant before it is examined as provided hereafter.
- (b) Application for registration will not be considered before the dog reaches one (1) year of age (this in order to ensure a mature dog when it is examined).
- (c) Each dog will be examined as so directed by the Registration Committee and the owner wishing registration must make the dog available for examination at such place and at such time as the Committee directs.
- (d) Registration will not be accorded the dog unless, when examined in relation to the breed standard, the majority of the Examining Committee is of the opinion that the dog rates not less than “good” against the breed standard and has no disqualifications or serious fault which would jeopardize the dog’s value and usefulness as a breeding animal. Each dog, when examined must be within the weight and height and colour limitations set forth in the breed standard (the standard must be amended to provide for these details if not now present in the breed standard).
- (e) A full three-generation pedigree for each dog is not essential. The name of the sire and dam must, however, be known.
- (f) If mass registration is indicated, then the owner of the dogs must present private breeding records for the examination of the Registration Committee. If such records are not available, or in such a state as to cause the Registration Committee to question their reliability, then the Committee may decide that registration will not be accorded any of the dogs.
- (g) No dog will be registered in accordance with these regulations until its descendants, to the extent of at least three (3) generations, have been examined and the majority of the Examining Committee is of the opinion that such descendants also rate not less than “good” when compared to the official standard for the breed.
- (h) For the purpose of complying with these regulations, the definition of “three generations of descendants” does not provide for the breeding of a more advanced generation descendant to an earlier generation descendant. The progression of the breeding programme, to produce the required three generations, must be consistently advanced for test breeding purposes.

(13) Shiba Inus

- (a) In reference to **Procedure RG003, section 4**, in particular where an application for Club registration of a Shiba Inu imported to Canada is accompanied by copies of the certificate of registration and certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by a stud book not recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club, the Registration Committee shall determine whether said application shall be considered under the rules set forth in **section (b), page 4:15**, or whether to exercise the authority provided to the Registration Committee under The By-laws, Section 13.1 (b) (ii). [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (b) Eligibility for The Canadian Kennel Club registration of a Shiba Inu born in the U.S.A., and owned by a resident of the U.S.A., shall be governed by the authority vested in the Registration Committee under The By-laws, Section 13.1 (b) (ii).
- (14) Imported, Recognized Breeds Certified by a Non-Recognized Stud Book

The following are Special Regulations (approved by the Ministry of Agriculture Canada, March 1982 and amended September 1989) pertaining to the registration of dogs imported to Canada which are of a breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club but the foreign certificate or pedigree is issued by a stud book which is not recognized by the Club:

- (a) These regulations shall not pertain to those foreign-born dogs which are registered in a stud book or record of a foreign country which has established a national registry organization recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (b) Subject to all other requirements set forth in The By-laws, Section 28, an application for registration of a purebred dog imported to Canada, copies of the certificate of registration and certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, which are issued by a foreign stud book or record not recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club will be considered, provided: [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (1) The dog is of a breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (2) The dog is identified in accordance with the provisions of The By-laws, Section 25.
 - (3) The dog is registered in its country of export in the name(s) of the person(s) who imported the dog to Canada and such ownership is officially recorded on the foreign certificate of registration.
 - (4) The dog is examined by an Examining Committee as so directed by the Executive Director or his designate. The importer wishing registration must make the dog available for examination at such time as the Examining Committee directs.
 - (5) Registration will not be granted by the Club unless each member of the Examining Committee provides their own written report on each dog so examined to the Executive Director or his designate. Each dog examined must conform to the Rules of Eligibility where available, must be a minimum of one (1) year of age and must be within the weight and height and colour and coat limitations set forth in the Breed Standard and must display the temperament that conforms to the Breed Standard of the dog so examined. These finds, in conjunction with other pertinent information, shall be received by the Registration Committee when considering approval of registration to be granted by the Club. [Board Motions #08-03-16, 61-03-22]

- (6) No dog shall be accorded registration in The Canadian Kennel Club records, under the terms of these Regulations, unless such registration is recommended and approved by the Executive Director or designate.
 - (7) A non-refundable fee as set out in in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website.
 - (c) In the event that a dog has competed in a Canadian Kennel Club-approved Conformation event and it earns the necessary points for a Championship title prior to making an application for registration, such a dog will not have to be examined by an Examining Committee since it has been established that the dog conforms to the breed standard.
 - (d) If a circumstance occurs which is not, or which is alleged not to be provided by these Regulations, the Registration Committee may deal with the matter and make a decision as it deems fit.
- (15) Breeds Not Recognized by the American Kennel Club [Board Motion #67-03-18]

A purebred dog born in the United States, owned by a resident of the United States or imported from the United States by a resident of Canada, shall be eligible for individual registration in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club provided that:

- (a) The dog is of a breed not recognized by the American Kennel Club for registration purposes.
- (b) The dog is of a breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club for registration purposes.
- (c) The dog comprised of a litter whelped by a dam registered in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club, or a CKC recognized stud book.
- (d) The dog comprised a litter sired by a dog registered in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club, or a CKC recognized stud book.
- (e) The owner of the dog at birth, or the Canadian importer, completes and submits an official The Canadian Kennel Club *Application for Registration of An Individual Dog* form with the required fee.

NOTE: If the dog is owned at the time of application for registration by a person other than the owner at birth, the application for registration must be accompanied by a supplementary *Application for Transfer of Ownership* form for each change of ownership that has taken place. The regular transfer fee will apply to each transfer of ownership.

- (f) The owner of the dog at the time of birth provides with the application for registration a letter certifying the name and registration number of the dam, the name and registration number of the sire, the date of birth of the litter, the place of birth of the litter, the number of males and females comprising the litter. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (g) The owner of the dam and owner of the sire are not, at the time of application for registration, persons denied the privileges of The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (h) The dog is individually identified in accordance with the provisions of The By-laws, Section 25.
- (i) It is agreed that the name of the dog, when registered with The Canadian Kennel Club, is not subject to change by the Club should the dog become eligible for registration with the American Kennel Club.

- (j) This policy shall be periodically reviewed by the Registration Committee to ensure these privileges are not extended to any other particular breed for a period of time which would appear to be longer than required to achieve recognition of the breed by the American Kennel Club.

(16) Registration for Competition Purposes

Subject to the requirements set out hereunder, The Canadian Kennel Club will register in its records, any purebred dog within any of the following categories for the sole purpose of competing in Canadian Kennel Club-approved events:

- (a) The dog is of a breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club and is registered in a foreign registry organization designated on the Club's list of recognized foreign Stud Books.
- (b) The dog was in one (1) or more Championship Shows, approved Obedience Trials, approved Field Trials or approved Tracking Tests held under The Canadian Kennel Club Rules.
- (c) The conditions governing The Canadian Kennel Club registration are as follows:
 - (1) The application for The Canadian Kennel Club registration of the dog must be completed and signed by the foreign owner(s) of record and be accompanied by copies of the certificate of registration and certified pedigree (to a minimum of three (3) generations), verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by a recognized foreign registry organization in the country in which the dog and its recorded owner(s) are domiciled. The certified pedigree must reflect registration numbers for each and every dog reflected in said pedigree. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (2) The dog must be microchip implanted, or tattoo marked with letters assigned by the Club for the purpose. Information regarding microchip implants and tattoo marking is available from The Canadian Kennel Club upon request.
 - (3) If a foreign-born dog, owned by a resident of a foreign country is leased to a resident of Canada, is brought into Canada and is in the custody of one or more residents of Canada for a specified period of time, said lease shall have no force or effect upon the Club unless the dog is first registered in the records of The Canadian Kennel Club as described in (1) above, and a properly executed lease agreement, signed by the lessor(s) and the lessee(s) is filed with The Canadian Kennel Club. Lease agreement forms for this purpose are available upon request from the Club.
 - (4) If the foreign-born dog is the joint property of one or more residents of a foreign country and one or more residents of Canada and has been brought to Canada and is in the custody of one or more residents of Canada for the purpose of competing in Canada, the names of all co-owners must be reflected in the certificate of registration issued by the recognized foreign registry organization and all co-owners must sign the application submitted to The Canadian Kennel Club for registration of the foreign-born dog.

G. Examining Committee

- (a) In accordance with The By-laws, the Registration Committee has the authority to require an Examining Committee to be struck for the purpose of examining a

dog. The Committee shall be struck in the manner prescribed in **Chapter X, Section G** of the Policy and Procedures Manual.

- (b) Upon the Examining Committee having been struck for this purpose, the Registration Committee shall provide the Examining Committee with instructions with respect to the nature of the examination which the Examining Committee is to perform.

H. Artificial Insemination Regulations

(1) Definition

Processed semen refers primarily to frozen semen but it also includes fresh semen, chilled semen and/or extended semen. The following regulations do not pertain to the use of fresh unprocessed semen in situations in which the donor dog and the recipient bitch are on the same site.

(2) Approved Facilities

- (a) With regard to canine artificial insemination and the collection, preparation, storage and distribution of canine semen, all matters pertaining to the type of technology used, the effectiveness of the technology, the quality of the services and any limitations of the technology or failure to fulfill expectations and/or guarantees remain a matter between the person(s) and/or corporation(s) which provide the technology and/or services and those who agree to use them.

- (b) The Canadian Kennel Club accepts the principle that frozen semen can have an identity apart from the donor dog and thus individual units of frozen semen can be purchased and owned by person(s) distinct from the owner(s) of the donor dog. Person(s) who own such units of frozen semen must sign in place of the owners of the stud dog on the Club's Application for Registration of a Litter if the litter was conceived by the use of frozen semen. Where a litter is conceived from artificial insemination utilizing semen imported to Canada, the owner or lessee of the sire, or owner of the semen must provide to The Canadian Kennel Club a statement certifying that the semen was collected from a sire which he owns or leases. In the event the semen was acquired apart from the ownership of the donor dog, proof of the means of acquisition must be submitted. Such certified statement shall be accepted by the Club in lieu of the owner or lessee of the sire signing Section B of the application (Application for Registration of A Litter from Semen Born in Canada).

(3) Artificial Insemination With Processed Semen

Any breeder who is in good standing with The Canadian Kennel Club may apply for registration of a litter whelped in Canada by a bitch that is registered in, or eligible for registration in the records of the Club, where a litter is the result of a bitch being artificially inseminated with imported semen. Such registration by the Club shall be subject to the following regulations:

- (a) The semen must be from a dog of a breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club and individually registered in a stud book or foreign record recognized by the Club. The dog must be registered in said stud book or foreign record in the name of the owner or lessee, certifying the collection of semen as required in Section (e) of these regulations.
- (b) A duly completed application form (The Canadian Kennel Club Registration of a Litter Born In Canada) must be submitted to the Club, together with the appropriate semen form and registration fee;

- (1) A clear and legible copy of the certificate, as required under the Animal Disease and Protection Act, of an official veterinarian of the country of export, or a certificate of a veterinarian endorsed by an official veterinarian of the country of export, that clearly identified the donor dog and shows the following:
 - (a) The semen was examined immediately after collection and was found to be of acceptable quality for processing and freezing.
 - (b) Sanitary precautions have been observed during the collection and processing of semen to prevent contamination by pathogenic micro-organisms.
 - (c) Each ampoule or vial of semen has been marked or labeled clearly to show the date of collection, the registration number and the registered name of the donor dog.
 - (d) The semen is in a container bearing an unbroken seal of the government of the country of export and is stored within the container in ampoules, straws or other receptacles that are marked in a permanent manner with the breed, name and registration number, colour and marking of the donor dog.
 - (c) The Canadian Kennel Club must also receive a clear and legible copy of the certificate signed by the person who performs the insemination certifying the following:
 - (1) The breeder, name and registration number, colour and markings of the recipient bitch, and the tattoo number and/or microchip number.
 - (2) The date upon which the recipient bitch was inseminated.
 - (3) That the imported semen was in a container bearing an unbroken seal of the government of the country of export and clearly labeled with the breed, name and registration number, colour and markings of the donor dog.
 - (d) The application for registration of a litter born in Canada, which is the result of artificial insemination with imported semen, must be accompanied by a copy of a certified three-generation pedigree of the sire, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, showing the registered name and number of every dog in the pedigree issued by a stud book or foreign record, recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club, also an original certification from the foreign stud book or foreign record certifying registered ownership of the sire on the date of semen collection. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (e) In the event of irregularities in the documentation of an application for registration of a litter born in Canada as a result of artificial insemination of imported semen, the application shall be referred to The Canadian Kennel Club Registration Committee for review and for the purpose of recommending its acceptance or rejection by the Club.
 - (f) If circumstance occurs which is not, or which is alleged not to be provided for by these Regulations, the Registration Committee may deal with the matter and make such decision as it deems fit. Such decision shall be final and binding upon all persons affected thereby.
- (4) Artificial Insemination With Processed Semen Collected Within Canada

Any breeder in good standing with The Canadian Kennel Club may apply for registration of a litter whelped in Canada by a bitch that is registered in, or eligible for registration in, the records of the Club, where a litter is the result of a bitch being artificially inseminated with semen collected and processed within Canada. Such litter registration by the Club shall be subject to the following regulations:

- (a) The semen must be from a dog of a breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club and individually registered with the Club. The dog must be registered in The Canadian Kennel Club Stud Book in the name of the owner or lessee, certifying collection of semen as required in **section (d), page 4:23** of these regulations.
- (b) A duly completed application form (The Canadian Kennel Club Registration of a Litter Born in Canada) from fresh-chilled or frozen semen must be submitted to the Club, together with the appropriate fee and full certification from the time of collection to the time of insemination.
- (c) Registration Committee
 - (1) In the event of irregularities in the documentation of an application for registration of a litter born in Canada as the result of insemination with processed semen, the application shall be referred to The Canadian Kennel Club Registration Committee for review and for the purpose of recommending its acceptance or rejection by The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (2) If circumstance occurs which is not, or which is alleged not to be provided for by these Regulations, the Registration Committee may deal with the matter and make such decisions as it deems fit. Such decisions shall be final and binding upon all persons affected thereby.
- (d) Semen Collection
 - (1) The semen has been collected and stored at a semen collection centre.
 - (2) The semen was examined immediately after collection and found to be of acceptable quality for processing, freezing and storing.
 - (3) Sanitary precautions have been observed during the collection and processing of the semen to prevent contamination by pathogenic micro-organisms.
 - (4) Each ampoule, vial or straw of semen is sealed and clearly marked or labeled to show the date of collection and identification (registration number/microchip/tattoo) to completely identify the donor dog and his owner.

- (e) Semen Storage
 - (1) The semen shall be stored in tanks used only for canine semen. Complete records of each collection will be kept by the semen collection centre and the owner of the donor dog.
 - (f) Insemination with Transported Semen
 - (1) The semen must be fully identified by microchip number and/or tattoo number where available and where not available, by registration number of the donor dog. Semen will be shipped in a sealed container directly to the person who is performing the insemination.
 - (2) The person who is performing the insemination must inspect the container on arrival to ascertain that the seal is unbroken and that full information on the donor dog is given.
 - (3) Certification from the person who is performing the insemination identifying the breed, registered name, The Canadian Kennel Club registration number, colour, markings, tattoo and/or microchip number and owner of the recipient bitch, must be included with the application to register the litter.
 - (g) Registration of Litter
 - (1) A completed Canadian Kennel Club litter application for the registration of a litter conceived from chilled or frozen semen collected and used in Canada, and the appropriate semen form and registration fee. To obtain information visit the CKC website at www@ckc.ca and download the forms.
- (5) Identification of Semen
- (a) The facility that collects and stores the semen must ensure that every individual container used to store processed semen include the following identification:
 - (1) Identification of the collection and storage facility.
 - (2) Identification of the breed of dog.
 - (3) Identification of the donor dog by name, Canadian Kennel Club registration number and tattoo and/or microchip number or foreign club number.

I. Policy for Parentage Testing (DNA TESTING)

- (1) Labrador Retrievers – Two Yellow Parents Cannot Produce Black Progeny
 - (a) In the event a litter of puppies is whelped by a yellow dam and sire and produces black progeny, the breeder must carry out DNA Testing to establish the identity of the sire, dam and all the progeny. In all other instances, if DNA Testing is not complied with, the litter in part or whole is ineligible for registration.
- (2) Parentage Verification DNA Testing. For further information see The By-laws, Section 27.8: [Board Motion #07-03-13, #06-09-19]
 - (a) The Registration Committee reserves the right to require and determine the terms under which parentage verification DNA testing is done when dealing with matters brought before the Committee.

- (b) The Registration Committee determines the grounds on which an allegation of impure breeding warrants DNA testing.
- (c) Owners of sires or dams cannot withhold signature on an application to register a litter until a DNA test is performed merely because of suspicion of mis-mating.
- (d) When the Registration Committee requires DNA testing, the expenses for DNA testing will be borne by the breeder and/or stud dog owner as determined between themselves. The Registration Committee has the authority to make exceptions to this policy. [Board Motion #155-09-11]
- (e) When testing parentage, the dam, all potential sires and all progeny in the litter must be tested. The Registration Committee has the authority to make exceptions to this policy.
- (f) Failure to cooperate in required parentage verification DNA testing may result in the cancellation of the litter and/or individual dogs and/or referral to the Discipline Committee of The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (g) Dog(s) being parentage verification DNA tested must be identified by a legible tattoo or microchip.
- (h) A licensed veterinarian collecting the sample (typically saliva) for the parentage test will verify on his/her official letterhead, the identification of the dog(s). The licensed veterinarian must send the samples directly to the DNA facility that will be conducting the test. The Registration Committee reserves the right to require and to appoint their own representative to verify the identification of the dog(s). To avoid conflict of interest, when a breeder and/or owner is also a veterinarian, the verification must come from another unrelated licensed veterinarian.
- (i) In the event the tattoo is illegible or the microchip non-functional, the Registration Committee will determine if the results of the tests will be accepted.
- (j) Breeders are encouraged to use parentage verification DNA testing to confirm their records in any situation in which there may be doubt about the parentage, even though the testing may not be specifically required by The By-laws or the Registration Committee of The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (1) The parentage verification DNA testing should be done before the litter application is filed with The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (2) The breeder will retain the test results in their own records.
- (k) Breeders and/or owners may appeal a decision of an Examining Committee or a decision of the Registration Committee in a dispute of parentage by the presentation of results of DNA testing. The tests must be conducted according to the standards expressed above, specifically sections numbered **2(a) to (j)**.
- (l) In order to appeal the cancellation of a litter, the sire(s), dam(s) and all progeny, whether in dispute or not, shall be required to be tested. **Section 2(e)** above shall apply.
- (m) Parentage verification DNA testing may be required in cases of alleged impure breeding or in cases in which a litter application is rejected or a litter registration revoked on the basis of colour inheritance at the discretion of the Registration Committee.
- (n) Examining Committees will continue to function as the first step in an allegation of impure breeding.

- (o) A DNA profile is required where a litter is the result of natural or artificial insemination by a sire that resides in a foreign country, registered with a Foreign Stud Book that is not on the CKC's List of Recognized Foreign Stud Books. This DNA profile must be provided before any litter sired by a foreign dog of an unrecognized stud book would be eligible for CKC registration.
- (3) Multiple Matings. For further information see The By-laws, Section 27.7: [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (a) In the event a dam is mated to two (2) or more stud dogs, the litter(s), in part or whole, is eligible for registration provided the requirements set out in Section 27 of The By-laws have been satisfied.
 - (b) In the event that one of the sires is of a breed different from the dam or in case one of the sires is that of a mixed breed, DNA testing shall be required on all sires and all the progeny.
 - (c) Identification requirements shall be the same as those stated in **Section 2(g), (h) and (i)**, above.
 - (d) A Multiple-Sire Litter Registration Application must be completed and submitted with the required service fee, along with DNA testing results for the sire(s), dam and each puppy.
 - (e) Fees for this service are set out in in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website.
 - (f) Registration Committee has the authority to supplement these requirements as a situation may warrant.
 - (g) An "Application for Registration of Multiple Sires Litters or Litters Born in Canada" is available upon request from Head Office or may be downloaded from The Canadian Kennel Club website.

J. Transfer of Ownership

- (1) The fact that a dog sold as a purebred died following sale in no way relieves the vendor of his legal obligations to supply the purchaser with a Canadian Kennel Club certificate of registration showing the purchaser's ownership of the dog.
- (2) Canadian-bred dogs, registered and sold prior to the seller being deprived or suspended of The Canadian Kennel Club privileges, can be considered eligible for transfer, irrespective of when the application for transfer is submitted, providing the purchaser submits proof of purchase or an affidavit attesting to the fact, that the sale did in fact, take place prior to the seller being deprived or suspended of Club privileges.
- (3) The Canadian Kennel Club will accord registration and transfer of ownership to those dogs obtained from the Humane Society, S.P.C.A., dog pound or rescue club, where the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (a) A Canadian Kennel Club certificate of registration accompanies the dog.
 - (b) The dog must be identified by microchip transponder or tattoo in accordance with The By-laws so that the dog can be positively identified as being a dog 'belonging' to the certificate.
 - (c) A properly executed transfer of ownership is obtained from each and every owner.

- (d) The required fees accompany the application for registration and/or transfer of ownership.
- (4) The Board delegates to the Executive Director or his designate the authority to process the transfer applications of dogs on a non-breeding agreement that have been spayed or neutered. An unrestricted certificate of registration will be issued with the annotation “spayed” or “neutered”.

K. Non-Breeding Agreements

- (1) A dog may be sold pursuant to a non-breeding agreement between buyer and seller, under which the buyer agrees that the dog shall not be used by the buyer or by any other person for breeding purposes.
- (2) In the event of an accidental mating or a mating in violation of a non-breeding agreement, the progeny of any dog that is sold under a non-breeding agreement shall not be eligible for registration and may not be represented as purebred.
- (3) Violation of a non-breeding agreement constitutes a contravention of the Club’s policies and rules; and is a disciplinary offence under Section 15.1 of The By-laws.
- (4) A non-breeding agreement is a private contract between seller and buyer; therefore, The Canadian Kennel Club may take no action (other than disciplinary action as noted above) to enforce any such agreement. Further, neither the Club nor the Board of Directors nor any of its committees, including the Registration Committee, may cancel a properly executed non-breeding agreement for the purposes of facilitating the breeding of a dog, the registration of its progeny or the transfer of ownership. Such an agreement may only be cancelled as provided by Section 30.4 of The By-laws. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (5) Some non-breeding agreements may be supported by a supplementary private agreement containing certain terms and conditions which, upon being met, automatically cause the non-breeding agreement to expire. Where The Canadian Kennel Club determines that a non-breeding agreement in respect of any dog is no longer in effect because it has expired in accordance with its terms (rather than having been cancelled by parties in accordance with Section 30.4 of The By-laws), The Canadian Kennel Club shall, upon receiving an application, along with the prescribed fee, issue a new certificate of registration for the dog, which certificate shall not bear the “Non-Breeding” endorsement provided by Section 30.2 of The By-laws.

L. Tattoos and Microchips

- (1) When the Registration Division receives an application for individual registration which calls for the signature and date of tattoo marking of a dog where that method of identification is employed, and the applications fail to disclose such information, such applications shall be returned for proper completion.
- (2) Where the tattoo markings are split the breeder’s identification letters must be placed in the one ear (or flank, as the case may be) and the numeral and year letter in the other ear (or flank, as the case may be).
- (3) If a tattoo combination is allotted to two (2) or more people, the tattoo can be accepted if it has been used on a dog bred by either person. [For example: If a tattoo is registered to Mr. and Mrs. Smith (Sally and John Smith), John can use it on dogs of his breeding and Sally can use it on dogs of her breeding].
- (4) If a tattoo combination is allotted to one (1) person, the tattoo can be accepted if the dog was co-bred by them. [Example: If a tattoo is registered to Mr. John Smith, it can be used on dogs bred by John and Sally Smith].

- (5) If a tattoo combination is allotted to one (1) member of a household, the other members of the same household cannot use it on a dog without the written permission of the other member, which must be done each time applications are submitted. The only exception would be if the member who registered the tattoo combination signed the identification section as having actually tattooed the dog.
- (6) Every Director, if they so choose, shall be given a printout, computer disk (CD) or an electronic transmission of all the registered tattoo letters in their zone or across Canada to facilitate the recovery of lost dogs.
- (7) Any member of the Examining Committee for the zone in which the imported foreign dog resides shall be considered the authorized CKC official as designated in Section 25.6(e) and 25.7(g) of The By-laws to certify that a tattoo or microchip transponder implant is acceptable for registration purposes. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (8) The number of characters of a microchip transponder implant shall not exceed twenty (20) characters in total form.

M. Breeding Records

- (1) The Registration Committee is authorized in accordance with The By-laws, Section 22.3, to conduct an inspection of a breeder's private breeding records.
 - (a) A request for private breeding records will be made in writing to the last known address of the breeder and the original records must be delivered within the allotted time frame by means of registered or certified mail, or commercial carrier.
 - (b) A breeder may deliver his private breeding records to Head Office in person, or by means of registered or certified mail, or commercial carrier at his expense and the records will be returned within five (5) to seven (7) working days by registered or certified mail, or commercial carrier at The Canadian Kennel Club's expense.
 - (c) Alternatively, the Registration Committee may request that a breeder's private breeding records be examined by an Examining Committee that has been appointed in the manner prescribed in **Chapter X, Section G** of the Policy and Procedures Manual.
 - (d) The Registration Committee may, at its discretion, call for up to seven (7) years of private breeding records.
 - (e) If the Registration Committee calls for less than seven (7) years of records and those records are found to be satisfactory, the Committee will be satisfied that proper records have been maintained.
 - (f) If the records that are requested are found to be unsatisfactory, the Committee may request records for additional years.
 - (g) In order for private breeding records to be deemed satisfactory, all information as required in The By-laws, Section 22.2, must be included.

N. Kennel Names [Board Motion #13-09-20]

- (1) Definitions
 - (a) For the purposes of this section, the following interpretations shall apply:
 - (1) "Person" includes, where applicable, a partnership or company;
 - (2) "Head Office" means The Canadian Kennel Club;

- (3) "First owner" means the owner of a dog at its birth;
- (b) A kennel name is:
 - (1) A word, or combination of words and/or letters, which, upon the application of a person, had been granted by The Canadian Kennel Club prior to July 18, 1966, for the exclusive use of such person in the naming of dogs for individual registration with the Club; or,
 - (2) A single word, which, upon application of a person, may be granted by The Canadian Kennel Club for the exclusive use of such person in the naming of dogs for individual registration with the Club.
- (2) Applications for Kennel Names
 - (a) The Registration Committee is authorized to deal with all objections to a kennel name.
 - (b) Application for registration of a kennel name with The Canadian Kennel Club must be on a form provided by the Club and all sections of the application must be completed to the satisfaction of the Head Office.
 - (c) The Canadian Kennel Club will not knowingly approve an application for registration of a kennel name if the name applied for is:
 - (1) A name now reserved as a kennel name with the Club.
 - (2) A name considered to be phonetically identical to a name reserved as a kennel name with The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (3) The word "Royal" either as a whole or as part of a name.
 - (4) A colour (by itself).
 - (5) Any name which, if brought to the attention of the Board of Directors and, in the opinion of the Board, is considered to be misleading, or confusing, or is considered unsuitable as a kennel name.
 - (6) A name exceeding twelve (12) letters.
 - (7) A name which includes an apostrophe, hyphen, or accent mark.
 - (8) A name commonly used in the naming of dogs for registration purposes.
 - (9) A name that includes the name of a Canadian Kennel Club-recognized dog club.
 - (10) A name that includes a word or letters that could be construed as implying that a dog has been granted a CKC recognized title of any kind. [Board Motion #40-09-17]
 - (d) An application for registration of kennel name submitted by the resident of another country will not be considered unless the applicant has reserved said kennel name with a club or organization recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club in the country in which the applicant resides.
 - (e) An objection to a kennel name applied for will not be entertained if the person objecting claims to have used that or a similar kennel name but has failed to reserve it as a kennel name with The Canadian Kennel Club.

- (3) Processing An Application for Registration of Kennel Names
- (a) For the procedure on processing an application for registration, see “Procedure RG001 – Processing an Application for Registration”.
 - (b) The Registration Committee is authorized to consider and place recommendations before the Board of Directors:
 - (1) On all questions regarding kennel names referred to it by Head Office.
 - (2) With regard to policies applicable to kennel names.
 - (c) A recommendation of the Registration Committee, when communicated to the Board, shall be deemed to be a unanimous recommendation of the Committee unless otherwise stated in its report to the Board.
 - (d) To obtain a kennel name, the applicant must be a member, in good standing, of The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (e) When applications for a reserved kennel name are being processed, the processing procedure is to include a review of said “protected list”. Where an applicant has chosen a name which is identical or phonetically similar to any name that has been added by the Registration Committee to the “protected list”, said name is to be refused and not published in the customary way for comment.
 - (f) In the individual registration of dogs with The Canadian Kennel Club, the Club undertakes to exercise reasonable care in protecting a reserved kennel name for the exclusive use of the person to whom it was granted, but the Club will not be responsible if, through error or inadvertence when registering dogs individually in the Club’s records, the name is used by any person other than the one to whom it was granted.
- (4) Usage of Kennel Names
- (a) On co-bred litters, either or both names may be used. All co-owners must complete the permissive section of the individual dog application.
 - (b) Where a kennel name has been used as a prefix or suffix to a dog’s name and said name is not owned by the owner at birth, its use shall not be permitted unless the owner(s) of said kennel name completes the permissive section of the application to register the individual dog.
 - (c) Where an application for registration of a dog reflects a transfer of the dog to the owner(s) of a kennel name, the second owner’s kennel name may be used as a prefix or suffix to the dog’s name where the owner(s) at birth have completed the permissive section of the application for registration.
 - (d) Due to many combinations and permutations of dog names, a reserved kennel name, when used in a dog’s name, shall only be protected if it is used in the prefix position (first word in the name) or in the suffix position, and when in the suffix position, only if the kennel name is immediately preceded by the word “of” or any similar preposition which implies the dog’s derivation from the named kennel.
 - (e) The registration of a kennel name must not be construed or represented as registration of a kennel, a breeding and/or boarding establishment, a dog dealership, a pet shop, or a training and/or grooming establishment.

- (f) The use of a reserved kennel name to denote ownership on a certificate of registration and in The Canadian Kennel Club's records is specifically prohibited. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (g) If a kennel name is reserved for two (2) or more people, it can be accepted on applications whereon one (1) person has bred the dog. The permissive section does not have to be completed.
 - (h) If a kennel name is allotted to one (1) person, it can be accepted on applications in which the dog has been co-bred.
 - (i) For further information on kennel names see The By-laws, Section 28.10.
- (5) Automatic Expiration of Reserved Kennel Name
- (a) To maintain a kennel name, The Canadian Kennel Club membership in good standing, must be maintained.
 - (b) If the kennel name owner(s) allows the membership to lapse for one (1) year, membership may be reinstated without broken service if the member pays the fees for the lapsed year along with the fee for the current year. If the membership is not renewed within this time frame, cancellation of the reserved kennel name shall be automatic and the kennel name will be deleted from the list of reserved kennel names.
 - (c) During this interim period, should membership remain inactive, the kennel name usage will be restricted until such time as the membership is renewed.
- (6) Permanent Registration of Kennel Name
- (a) Permanent registration of a kennel name is not automatic. It must be applied for on the appropriate form provided upon request by The Canadian Kennel Club and all sections of the form must be completed to the satisfaction of the Head Office.
 - (b) A member of The Canadian Kennel Club may apply to the Club for the permanent registration of a kennel name, but such application shall be considered by the Head Office only if:
 - (1) Applicants have been members in good standing of The Canadian Kennel Club for a minimum period of ten (10) consecutive years.
 - (2) Applicants are able to satisfy Head Office that they have bred purebred dogs for a minimum period of ten (10) years and that they have bred or owned not less than five (5) dogs registered individually in the Club's records, to each of which The Canadian Kennel Club has granted a title.
 - (3) The application for permanent registration sets forth the following information with regard to each of the five (5) dogs referred to in (2) above: its breed, its registered name, its registration number and the year (or thereabouts) in which it gained its title.
 - (4) The registered name of each of the five (5) dogs referred to in (2) above includes, as part of its registered name, the kennel name for which permanent registration is sought.
 - (5) Applicants have not, during the term of their membership, been subject to disciplinary action which resulted in them being suspended, deprived, terminated or expelled.

- (c) The Board shall have the authority to direct that any kennel name, the registration of which has expired, be placed on the permanent list of reserved kennel names.
- (d) The Club shall not be required to conduct any research in order that a person may decide whether they are eligible to apply for permanent registration.
- (e) There shall be a fee charged for permanent registration of a kennel name and such permanent registration shall only be effective as long as the Board of Directors decides that a policy of permanent registration is desirable.
- (f) In the event that members allow their membership in The Canadian Kennel Club to lapse, or should they be subject to disciplinary action causing their membership to be suspended, then the use of their permanently reserved kennel name shall also be suspended; however, the name shall be reserved and protected for a period of ten (10) years. Should members reactivate their membership at any time within the ten (10) year period, the kennel name may, at that time, be reactivated upon the members notifying Head Office of their intention to once again use the permanently reserved kennel name. If, after a period of ten (10) years, the name is not reactivated, it will be deleted from the list of reserved kennel names.

(7) Transfer of Kennel Names

- (a) A reserved kennel name may be transferred upon completion of the necessary application and payment of the required fees.
- (b) A permanently reserved kennel name cannot be transferred to anyone other than a partner or a direct associate in the operation of the kennel, or to a spouse or family member and such transfer will only be permitted upon Head Office being provided with the assurance that the party or parties to whom the name is to be transferred, intends to continue operation of the kennel.
- (c) Should application for transfer be made as a result of death, official documentation must be presented to Head Office to provide assurance that the party or parties in question are, in fact, entitled to inherit the kennel operation and, therefore, the kennel name.
- (d) If as a result of death, the survivor(s) of a jointly owned permanently registered kennel name wish to retain the deceased name(s) on the existing kennel name, such request will be considered by the Registration Committee providing the request is in writing and includes official documentation to substantiate the request.
- (e) In case of joint ownership of a kennel name and subsequent death of one of the partners/significant other co-owing the name, that the transfer fee of the kennel name to the sole ownership of the surviving partner be waived. [Board Motion #42-12-17]

O. Registration Certificates

- (1) Only those titles granted by The Canadian Kennel Club will be included on a certificate of registration issued by the Club (see **Appendix 1 – Titles** in the Shows and Trials section of this Manual).
- (2) When applications are submitted to The Canadian Kennel Club for registration, the relative certificates shall be returned to the party who submitted the applications and paid the registration fees.
- (3) A duplicate certificate of registration will be issued upon the recorded owner completing and signing a request form for a duplicate certificate of registration.
- (4) The registration certificate to be sent electronically to breeder/owner of the dog. [Board Motion #119-09-10]
- (5) Upon request and payment of fees as set out in the schedule of fees, a printed registration of pedigrees and certificates will be provided. [Board Motion #119-09-10]

P. Stud Book Information

- (1) For the purchase price of The Canadian Kennel Club Stud Book, see in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website.
- (2) The list of stud books and records recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club is maintained on a current basis by Head Office; see **Appendix 3** of this Chapter.
- (3) Recognition of Foreign Kennel Clubs

The following outlines The Canadian Kennel Club requirements relative to possible recognition of foreign kennel clubs heretofore not recognized by the Club:

- (a) It is required that a letter be addressed to The Canadian Kennel Club Board of Directors by the appropriate representative of said foreign club, requesting consideration be given to the recognition of the club and its stud book. The Canadian Kennel Club will require:
 - (1) A copy of the stud book.
 - (2) A copy of the club's by-laws.
 - (3) A copy of the club's registration procedural requirements.
 - (4) Completed samples of each type of certificate of registration issued by the club.
 - (5) A list of those registry organizations (stud books) recognized by the foreign club and clubs with which it is otherwise associated.
 - (6) A list of registry organizations (stud books) that have officially recognized said foreign club.
- (b) To enable The Canadian Kennel Club to properly investigate the methods and regulations relative to the registration and transfer of dogs, also registration of litters, etc., the documents requested in paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) above, must be in the English language or translated to such, if necessary.
- (c) For greater certainty, it is understood that more than one (1) foreign kennel club may be recognized for any country. [Board Motion #34-09-19]

- (4) Dissident Kennel Clubs
 - (a) The Board of Directors of The Canadian Kennel Club does not recognize dissident or breakaway kennel clubs.

Q. Registration Fees and Administrative Charges

- (1) Registration fees charged to non-residents shall be no less than those charged to Canadian residents.
- (2) Fees for non-members shall be no less than double the fees for Regular members. [Board Motion #85-03-19]
- (3) The Head Office is authorized to cancel membership and/or registration, transfers of ownership, etc., where the fees submitted in payment of these items are in a form returned by the bank or are otherwise not acceptable to the bank and the applicant has failed to replace such payment within thirty (30) days of written notice by registered mail from the Head Office.
- (4) A letter shall be sent to those habitual offenders remitting NSF cheques, etc., advising them that no further applications will be processed until all outstanding fees have been paid and then, only those applications accompanied by a certified cheque or money order will be accepted.
- (5) For a complete schedule of fees, see the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website.
- (6) All applicants must have Membership Plus in order to enjoy Membership Plus Privileges. [Board Motion #35-09-19]

R. Miscellaneous Certification Number (MCN)

- (1) A Miscellaneous Certification Number can be obtained upon written request, accompanied by copies of the dog's certified pedigree and certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and valid, and a fee as noted in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website. [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (2) Imported Miscellaneous Breeds Certified by a Non-Recognized Stud Book [Board Motion #62-03-22]

An application for registration of a Miscellaneous-breed dog imported to Canada, which is issued by a foreign stud book or record not recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club will be considered, provided:

- (a) The dog is of a Miscellaneous breed recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (b) The dog is identified in accordance with the provisions of The By-laws, Section 25.
- (c) The dog is registered in its country of export in the name(s) of the person(s) who imported the dog to Canada and such ownership is officially recorded on the foreign certificate of registration.
- (d) The dog is examined by an Examining Committee as so directed by the Executive Director or his designate. The importer wishing registration must make the dog available for examination at such time as the Examining Committee directs.

- (e) Registration will not be granted by the Club unless each member of the Examining Committee provides their own written report on each dog so examined to the Executive Director or his designate. Each dog examined must conform to the Rules of Eligibility where available, must be a minimum of one (1) year of age and must be within the weight and height and colour and coat limitations set forth in the Breed Standard and must display the temperament that conforms to the Breed Standard of the dog so examined. These findings, in conjunction with other pertinent information, shall be received by the Registration Committee when considering approval of registration to be granted by the Club.
- (f) A non-refundable fee as set out in in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website.

S. Master Breeder Program [Board Motions #51-12-11, #69-12-12]

(1) Master Breeder

- (a) The purpose of the Master Breeder Program is to recognize those CKC breeders who have consistently produced quality animals in a non-high volume or puppy mill facility.
- (b) The applicant must submit a completed application with all the pertinent documentation to Head Office. A one-time application fee as noted in the Schedule of Fees available on the CKC website shall apply and must accompany the application.
- (c) Eligibility Requirements
 - (1) a Canadian Kennel Club member for at least ten (10) consecutive years;[Board Motion #36-09-19]
 - (2) bred (or co-bred) the same breed or several breeds for a minimum of twenty (20) years;
 - (3) bred (or co-bred) at least twenty (20) Canadian Champions in Conformation or Performance Events;
 - (4) bred at least one of the following:
 - (a) an All-Breed Best in Show Winner (any Country)
 - (b) a National Best in Specialty Winner (any Country)
 - (c) twenty (20) different Group First Winners
 - (d) ten (10) High in Trial Winners (or any ten (10) other Performance Event Winners);
 - (5) certify that appropriate health screens (as required by the parent Club) are performed on Sire and Dam of litters bred;
 - (6) a proven record of registering 100% of the live puppies that they have produced;
 - (7) at least twenty (20) years of verifiable membership in at least one (1) CKC accredited club.

(2) Master Breeder benefits include the following: [Board Motion #29-12-18]

- (a) use of the CKC Master Breeder logo which will appear on CKC Purebred Dog Certificates of Registration, pedigrees and on title certificates for dogs that match the following criteria:
 - (i) Canadian born dogs from litters whelped after the member received the Master Breeder accreditation;
 - (ii) if the Canadian born dogs have multiple owners at birth, all owners must be Master Breeder accredited.
- (b) a CKC Master Breeder certificate;
- (c) a Master Breeder Lapel pin;
- (d) use of Master Breeder logo in any advertisements;
- (e) the Master Breeder Logo will appear on CKC documents listed in (a) above as long as the customer remains a member of the CKC in good standing.
- (f) all of the benefits of Premier Members (also known as Membership Plus) including advertising their puppies for sale on the Puppy List. [Board Motion #44-12-15]

T. International Master Breeder Program [Board Motion #52-12-11]

- (1) International Master Breeder
 - (a) The purpose of the International Master Breeder Program is to recognize Canadian breeders who have bred dogs that have excelled in conformation or performance events in countries other than Canada.
 - (b) It is available to any Canadian Kennel Club Master Breeder who has bred twenty (20) or more Conformation or Performance Champions in any country where the Stud Book is recognized by the CKC.
 - (c) The applicant must submit a completed application with all the pertinent documentation to Head Office along with copies of at least twenty (20) Champion Certificates or twenty (20) Performance Champion Certificates from approved foreign countries. The appropriate administrative fee as set by the Board will be charged.
- (2) Benefits to the International Master Breeder will include: [Board Motion #30-12-18]
 - (a) Use of the CKC International Master Breeder logo, which will appear on CKC Purebred Dog Certificates of Registration, pedigrees and on title certificates for dogs that match the following criteria:
 - (i) Canadian born dogs from litters whelped after the member received the International Master Breeder accreditation;
 - (ii) If the Canadian born dogs have multiple owners at birth, all owners must be Master Breeder or International Master Breeder accredited. The introductory accreditation logo of the owners at birth will be used.
 - (b) A CKC International Master Breeder certificate;
 - (c) Use of the International Master Breeder logo in any advertisements;
 - (d) All of the benefits of Premier Members (also known as Membership Plus) when advertising their puppies for sale on the Puppy List. [Board Motion #44-12-15]

- (e) The International Master Breeder logo will appear on CKC documents listed in (a) above as long as the customer remains a member of the CKC in good standing.

PROCEDURE RG001 – Processing an Application for Registration of a Kennel Name

- (1) The applicant for registration of a kennel name shall submit the completed *Application for Registration of a Kennel Name* form and registration fee directly to The Canadian Kennel Club. If the application for registration of a kennel name is not approved the fee will be refunded.
- (2) Upon receipt of an application by The Canadian Kennel Club's Registration Division the following procedure shall be followed:
 - (a) A routine check sheet will be made up.
 - (b) A check will then be made and necessary action taken to determine whether or not any of the names selected are prohibited according to these regulations, and where this is the case the applicant will be so advised that the applicant's choice is:
 - A kennel name already reserved as a kennel name with the Club
 - Phonetically identical to a kennel name already reserved with the Club
 - A name commonly used in the naming of dogs for registration purposes
 - In its opinion, a name which, if granted as a kennel name, would present administrative or other problems
 - (c) A list of kennel names applied for which may be granted will be published in the first available issue of the Official Publication and/or posted electronically.
 - (d) There shall be referred to the Registration Committee any application against which an objection has been submitted within the time period given in the notice published in the Official Publication and/or electronic posting.
 - (e) To the Registration Committee there shall be referred for consideration any question which the Head Office considers should be considered by the Registration Committee.
 - (f) After publication of notice in the official organ and/or electronic posting and, where consideration of the Registration Committee is not required in connection with any application, the application will be approved upon the expiration of the time limit published in the notice given in the Official Publication and/or electronic posting.
 - (g) Upon the approval of an application, the application will be duly endorsed and a certificate of registration of a kennel name will be issued to the applicant.
 - (h) The name approved will be added to the record of reserved kennel names maintained in the files of The Canadian Kennel Club.
 - (i) All routine check sheets and any relevant correspondence will be filed.

PROCEDURE RG002 – Proposed Changes To A Breed Standard

[Board Motions #12-09-15, #44-06-17, #92-03-19]

- (1) The improvement of stock being an important factor in the breeding of pure-bred dogs the Board of Directors may adopt or amend a standard for each recognized breed as provided in the By-laws.
- (2) When a breed is represented by a national club, any amendment to the breed standard shall be submitted by that club. Should a national club for that breed not exist, then amendments may be proposed by a regional/provincial or local breed club or by a group of ten (10) or more breeders. If a regional/provincial club or local breed club for that breed does not exist, then amendments may be proposed by a group of ten (10) or more breeders, where each breeder must be actively involved with the breed for a minimum period of ten (10) years, be members of The Canadian Kennel Club, and must own a registered specimen of that breed. The Canadian Kennel Club may in exceptional circumstances, consider a proposal when less than ten (10) breeders are known to exist.
- (3) Proposed changes to a breed standard may only be requested by a National, Provincial, Regional or Local Breed Club that has been Canadian Kennel Club recognized for a minimum of five (5) years. If no breed clubs exist and the proposed change is requested by a group of ten (10) or more breeders, the proposed change may only be requested a minimum of five (5) years from when the breed was eligible to compete.
- (4) Proposals to all breed standards for breeds newly eligible to compete must be a minimum of five (5) years after date of eligibility to compete.
- (5) Proposed changes to a breed standard may only be requested once per every five (5) calendar years from the date of The Canadian Kennel Club Board Meeting Agenda where it was either carried or defeated as a proposed amendment to the breed standard. This includes submissions by any one of the above clubs or group of breeders.
- (6) All amendments to a breed standard must be submitted to The Canadian Kennel Club in a strikethrough version (underlined text indicates additions or replacements to the original wording of the standard and the strikethrough text indicates deletions from the original standard) and in the format as described in Section 9 of these procedures. It shall be set out section by section with an explanation for each amendment. At the same time, an analysis shall occur of the Rules of Eligibility for the breed and the impact, if any, of the breed standard proposed changes to the existing Rules of Eligibility. Comment shall be made accordingly, noting “no impact on Rules of Eligibility” or rewording the Rules of Eligibility to correspond to the breed standard proposal.
- (7) For clubs, once the draft is reviewed by the Breed Standards Committee and any required changes are made by the club, the final draft of the proposed new standard and the strikethrough version with explanations shall be sent to all the breed club members for voting. Non-Residents shall be excluded from the voting process. The Canadian Kennel Club will only consider proposed amendments that have received a two thirds majority vote of those eligible voting members who have voted. The list of eligible members and the results of the vote must be submitted to The Canadian Kennel Club.
- (8) When an amendment is submitted by ten (10) or more breeders, the sponsor of the amendment must have provided the other nine (9) breeders of the same breed with the proposed change and include their comments along with the proposed amendment to The Canadian Kennel Club.

(9) The submitted draft shall be in the approved Canadian Kennel Club format and must contain the following headings:

- (1) Origin and Purpose
- (2) General Appearance
- (3) Temperament
- (4) Size
- (5) Coat
- (6) Colour
- (7) Head
- (8) Neck
- (9) Forequarters
- (10) Body
- (11) Hindquarters
- (12) Tail
- (13) Gait
- (14) Faults
- (15) Disqualifications

The terminology shall be suitable, correct and not in conflict with terms used in the glossary of The Canadian Kennel Club book of Breed Standards. It shall also be concise and describe in detail characteristics which are breed specific. Lengthy description of generic dog terminology and any comparison to other breeds must be avoided. Height and weight measurements in breed standards must be presented with metric units first followed by the imperial units in brackets. The official conversion rate for centimeters to inches, will be to multiply by 0.3937 and round to one decimal place or ½ inch. To convert kilograms to pounds multiply by 2.2046 and round to one decimal place. [Board Motion #06-09-21]

- (10) If there is a trend developing in the breed as regards to a specific problem or fault, this must be mentioned in a covering letter so that this information can be weighed when discussing any proposed changes.
- (11) After careful consideration by the Breed Standards Committee, the proposed amendments to the standard will be published for comment for breeders and owners of the breed to comment on.
- (12) All comments received will be reviewed by the Breed Standards Committee and a final report will be made to the Board of Directors.
- (13) The Breed Standards Committee shall review impacts to the Rules of Eligibility in the processing of any submitted breed standard revision. Should there be a requirement to change the Rules of Eligibility, the breed standard revision will be referred to the Rules of Eligibility Committee for consideration. [Board Motion #23-09-18]

PROCEDURE RG003 – Registration of Canadian and Foreign-Born Dogs

- (1) In the case of a dog born in Canada, its sire (if imported to Canada) and its dam must be registered individually in The Canadian Kennel Club records and litter registration in the usual way will be required. If the sire of a dog born in Canada is not owned in Canada (dam was bred before export to Canada) then the sire must be a dog which would be eligible for registration had it been imported to Canada, and the owner of the dam must supply on official documents in the way required by The By-laws, Section 27.3 (c) the information necessary to register the litter.
- (2) In the case of an imported dog the application for registration must be accompanied by a copy of the certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, whose stud book or record is recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club. Said copy of the certificate of registration shall include all of the following information: registered name of dog, foreign registration number, tattoo markings or microchip number if dog was identified in its country of birth, sex, colour or colours, place and date of birth, name and address of breeder, name and registration number of sire, name and registration number of dam, name and address of Canadian importer and such other requirements as set forth in The By-laws, Section 28.5. The dog is registered in its country of export in the name(s) of the person(s) who imported the dog to Canada and such ownership is officially recorded on the foreign certificate of registration. [Board Motions #07-03-13, #41-09-17]
- (3) The copy of the certificate of registration referred to above must include or must be accompanied by a copy of the certified pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, issued by a foreign club or organization whose stud book or record is recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club, which sets forth the known pedigree of the dog to a minimum of three (3) generations of ancestry. For each and every dog in said pedigree there must be a registration number (see The By-laws, Section 28.5(b)). [Board Motion #07-03-13]
- (4) In those instances where a certificate of registration and certified pedigree as referred to above are issued by a foreign club or organization whose stud book is not recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club, and providing such foreign certificate of registration and certified pedigree is approved by the Club's Registration Committee, acceptance of the dog into The Canadian Kennel Club Stud Book or record shall be dependent upon compliance with the Special Regulations, **section (b)**, **page 4:17** (see The By-laws, Section 28.8, or as authorized by the Registration Committee in accordance with The By-laws, Section 13.1(b) (ii)).
- (5) Regardless of whether the dog imported to Canada was tattoo-marked for registration purposes in the country from which it was exported, it must be identified for The Canadian Kennel Club registration purposes by microchip implant or tattoo letters assigned by the Club to the importer (see "Brochure R3 – Information on Identification Regulations"). If an imported dog has been identified with tattoo markings or implanted with a microchip transponder prior to importation to Canada, an exception may be made and such identification accepted by the Club under those conditions set forth in The By-laws, Sections 25.6 (e) and 25.7 (i). [Board Motion #07-03-13]

**PROCEDURE RG004 – Procedure for Adding a Breed to the Miscellaneous List
(for Event Participation and Recognition Purposes)**

[Board Motions #12-09-15, #93-06-17, #26-12-18]

A. Adding a New Breed to the Miscellaneous List

- (1) A request in writing must be made by one (1) or more resident Canadian breeder(s) and / or owner(s) representing that breed. The written request shall be accompanied by the following:
 - (a) A written explanation of the level of interest in participation in Canadian Kennel Club events amongst the Canadian breeders and owners. The name and address of the breeders and owners that support the application;
 - (b) A copy of a certificate of registration, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, for a dog of that breed from a Canadian Kennel Club recognized kennel club or an association incorporated under the Animal Pedigree Act, other than The Canadian Kennel Club; [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (c) A copy of a three (3) generation pedigree, verified in writing by the owner as being current and accurate, for a dog of that breed from a Canadian Kennel Club recognized kennel club or an association incorporated under the Animal Pedigree Act other than The Canadian Kennel Club; [Board Motion #07-03-13]
 - (d) A copy of the breed standard from the country of origin and a detailed information package that describes the history, physiology and breed characteristics which will be referred to the Breed Standards Committee and the Event Officiating Committee. The Breed Standards Committee and the Event Officiating Committee may propose changes to the breed standard providing it is for grammar, terminology and clarification. Additionally, where the breed standard from the country of origin has provisions for cropping, docking or dewclaw removal, the Breed Standards Committee will include changes supporting breeders' right of choice in accordance with the CKC's Policy Statement.

A request for recommendations regarding the group in which the breed should be placed must be included in the information package. This detailed information package will be referred to the Registration Committee including comments and suggested amendments from the Event Officiating Committee (EOC) and the Breed Standards Committee for their editorial review; [Board Motion #12-03-20, #26-12-20]

- (e) Rules of Eligibility (ROE) [Board Motion #48-09-14] must be provided with the request. ROE define the primary traits for registration of a breed and these traits should reflect the physical essence of the breed, be observable (e.g., size, colour, coat, etc.), measurable and practical. The following is a template to develop the descriptors for a breed:

Note: The template includes ten (10) possible descriptors although it is not necessary to include all ten (10); three (3) to five (5) is acceptable.

- (1) **Size**
- (2) **Colour**
- (3) **Colour Markings**
- (4) **Coat Texture/Length**
- (5) **Body**
- (6) **Ear Shape/Placement**
- (7) **Tail Shape/Carriage**
- (8) **Unique Characteristics**
- (9) **Genetic/Observable Variability**
- (10) **Feet**

- (f) The required fee.
- (2) Once all supporting documents have been received and verified by Head Office providing all requirements set out in policy have been met, the breed will be presented to the Board of Directors for approval to poll the membership. In the event approval is not granted by the Board, the fee will be refunded to the applicant(s).
- (3) The polling results will be tabulated at Head Office and presented to the Board. If the results are favorable the breed will be added to the Miscellaneous List with an indication of the group in which the breed will be placed for conformation purposes taking into consideration all recommendations. Notice of any such addition shall be provided in the Official Publication and/or electronic posting.
- (4) The president of the club or the spokesperson for the representative group shall be advised in writing that the breed has been accepted as a listed breed by The Canadian Kennel Club.

B. Individual Recognition for a Miscellaneous Certification Number (MCN)

- (1) A Miscellaneous Certification Number (MCN) can be obtained upon receipt of satisfactory evidence that this specimen of the breed meets all of the requirements for registration in the event the breed is recognized in the future for Canadian Kennel Club registration.
 - (a) In the case of an imported dog, it must be registered in a foreign stud book recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club and the importer must furnish documents issued by the recognized club reflecting all information required as in the case of an imported dog of a breed already recognized by the Club (see The By-laws, Section 28.5);
 - (b) In the case of a dog born in Canada, its dam (and sire if imported to Canada) must be determined eligible for future Canadian Kennel Club registration as the usual prerequisite of litter registration by the Club will pertain if the breed is to be recognized by the Club. If the dog's sire is not owned in Canada (dam was bred before export to Canada) then the sire must be a dog which would be eligible for Canadian Kennel Club registration had it been imported to Canada, and the owner of the dam must supply, on official documents in the way required by The By-laws, Section 27, the information that would be necessary to register the litter;
 - (c) A non-refundable certification fee shall be assessed in accordance with the current published fee charged for registration of a foreign-born dog or Canadian-born dog. The appropriate fee must accompany the request for certification;

- (d) Applicants shall be advised that it would be beneficial for the known Canadian breeders of the proposed breed to establish a breed club to be used as the primary point of contact for The Canadian Kennel Club. The applicants will also be advised of the benefit to Canadian breeders of becoming members of The Canadian Kennel Club, thus allowing them to be kept informed through mailings of the Official Publication and/or electronic postings. [Board Motion #04-02-19]

C. Recognition of a New Breed on the Miscellaneous List

- (1) A request in writing by one or more of the Canadian breeders or owners of the breed for recognition of the breed by The Canadian Kennel Club:
 - (a) A written explanation of the level of interest of Canadian breeders of the proposed breed with recognition in The Canadian Kennel Club;
 - (b) An explanation of the benefits the breed can bring to Canadian society if the breed is recognized in Canada;
 - (c) Notification of the status of a breed moving towards recognition will be forwarded to the appropriate party once the minimum three (3) years period on the miscellaneous list has been achieved;
 - (d) An explanation will be included clarifying the procedure of applying to the Board with a request for consideration to remove the breed from the list if no positive movement has transpired for recognition at the five (5) year term limit;
 - (e) At least one fully completed Canadian Kennel Club Foreign Dog Application;
 - (f) The required fee;
 - (g) Rules of Eligibility for the Breed.
- (2) The Board's approval will be sought to proceed with the recognition process. In the event approval is not granted by the Board, the fee shall be refunded to the applicant(s).
- (3) If the Board approves the request, Agriculture Canada shall be advised on a preliminary basis of the intent to proceed with recognition in accordance with the requirements of the Animal Pedigree Act.
- (4) A list of Canadian importers of the proposed breed shall be obtained through formal inquiries being made by The Canadian Kennel Club of all recognized foreign clubs (or in certain cases, breed clubs) around the world.
- (5) A notice shall be placed in the Official Publication and/or electronic posting, advising Canadian Kennel Club members that The Canadian Kennel Club is considering recognition of the breed and requesting that any breeders of the proposed breed forward their names, addresses and phone numbers to The Canadian Kennel Club for the purpose of future polling.
- (6) The Canadian breeders of the proposed breed shall be polled to determine if a majority of them are in favour of The Canadian Kennel Club recognizing the breed, as per Section 20(3) of the Animal Pedigree Act.
- (7) If the majority of Canadian breeders are in favour of recognition by The Canadian Kennel Club, the Board shall decide on the time at which The Canadian Kennel Club shall poll members with respect to amending the Articles of Incorporation to include the proposed breed, in accordance with the requirements of the Animal Pedigree Act.

- (8) Upon the above being satisfied, application shall be made to Agriculture Canada to amend The Canadian Kennel Club's Articles of Incorporation to include the proposed breed and to approve the Rules of Eligibility.
- (9) Upon a certificate of approval being received from Agriculture Canada for amendment of the Articles of Incorporation, Appendix 1 of this Chapter shall be amended to include the new breed as a Canadian Kennel Club recognized breed. In due course, The Canadian Kennel Club By-laws will also be amended to reflect this change.
- (10) A notice of recognition of the new breed shall be published in the Official Publication and/or posted electronically as soon as practicably possible following the approval of the breed by Agriculture Canada.
- (11) The president of the club or the spokesperson for the representative group shall be advised in writing that the breed has been formally recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club.

D. Removing a Breed from the Miscellaneous List

This policy outlines the requirements developed to achieve recognition of a new breed with The Canadian Kennel Club. There are circumstances that may require special consideration involved with any activity. Application may be made to achieve the end result if the situation justifies the action.

- (1) Once a breed has been recorded on the miscellaneous list for three (3) years, notification will have been sent by The Canadian Kennel Club outlining the requirements moving forward to recognition.
- (2) Once this same breed has been recorded on the miscellaneous list for the maximum of five (5) years The Canadian Kennel Club shall notify the applicants the process has reached the term limit for the new breed recognition procedure.
- (3) Situations at this time may, for just cause, require a request be presented to the Board for an extension allowing extra time to complete the recognition process.
- (4) Where there has been no activity taken to move a breed to full Canadian Kennel Club recognition after five (5) years the Board may render a decision to apply a fee equal to the application for listing a new breed allowing this breed to continue on the list for a further three (3) years.
- (5) After five (5) years, or after the first extension, if there has been no request made for an extension of time, and there has been no activity undertaken towards full recognition, a request may be presented to the Board for the removal of this breed from the miscellaneous list.

PROCEDURE RG005 – Establishing Rules of Eligibility

[Board Motion #11-09-15]

A. Rules of Eligibility

- (1) Rules of Eligibility define the breed distinguishing characteristics for registration of a breed and these traits should reflect the physical essence of the breed and be observable (e.g., size, colour, coat, etc.) and measurable.
- (2) The following is a template to develop the descriptors for breeds. Although the list includes ten (10) possible descriptors, it is not necessary to include all ten (10):
 - (1) Size (Small, Medium, Large, Very Large)
 - (2) Coat Colour
 - (3) Colour Markings
 - (4) Coat Texture/Length
 - (5) Body
 - (6) Ear Shape/Placement
 - (7) Tail Shape/Carriage
 - (8) Feet
 - (9) Unique Characteristics
 - (10) Genetic/Observable Variabilities

B. Establishment of Working Groups

- (1) Volunteers from within the membership will be appointed by the Board in the manner prescribed in the Policy and Procedures Manual, Chapter X. Committees, Councils & Appointments, B. Standing Committees – Terms of Reference, 10. Rules of Eligibility Committee, to develop Rules of Eligibility for each of the recognized breeds as set out in Section 24.1 of The By-laws, as well as those breeds currently awaiting recognition. [Board Motion #15-09-21]
- (2) The Executive Director shall appoint members of Head Office staff as necessary to facilitate the work of this group.

C. Development of Rules of Eligibility with Breed Clubs

- (1) The Committee will draft Rules of Eligibility.
- (2) The Committee will liaise with the national breed club where available by teleconference explaining the history and rationale of Rules of Eligibility and will provide a draft of the Rules of Eligibility.
- (3) Breed club input and its final draft will be returned to Head Office for review by the Rules of Eligibility Committee.
- (4) The Committee will prepare the Rules of Eligibility for member vote.
- (5) Head Office will publish the Rules of Eligibility for comment on website for thirty (30) days for input by breeders and/or persons with long-term involvement with the breed through a combination of such activities as breeding, participation in Canadian Kennel Club events and/or significant breed club involvement.

D. Polling

- (1) Upon recommendation from the Rules of Eligibility Committee, the Board will determine when polling will take place.

- (2) Ballots will be sent to breeders who have registered a litter with The Canadian Kennel Club within the last five (5) years as well as to persons with long-term involvement with the breed through a combination of such activities as breeding, participation in Canadian Kennel Club events and/or significant breed club involvement.
- (3) A minimum of thirty (30) days will be allowed for voting.
- (4) Head Office will tabulate the results. Rules of Eligibility will be successful with a majority of the affirmative votes cast.

E. Applications for Registration

As Rules of Eligibility are approved for each of the breeds, Head Office will amend the applications for registration to include a certification section for Rules of Eligibility.

F. Amending Rules of Eligibility

Rules of Eligibility may be amended under the following special conditions:

- (1) a change in the breed standard which would require a review of the Rules of Eligibility; or
- (2) breed club input or input as described in **RG002**, paragraph 6, will be considered on a cyclical basis but not before five (5) years after Rules of Eligibility have been approved for a breed.

PROCEDURE RG006 – Amending Name of a Recognized Breed

[Board Motion #09-12-20]

- (1) Amending the name of a recognized breed shall be initiated by the National Club for that breed, or, if a National Breed Club does not exist, by the regional/provincial or local Breed Club, or by a group of ten (10) or more concerned breeders of that breed.
- (2) The initiating group will consult with other clubs around the globe as to the proper name of the breed to ensure that dogs of that breed exported from Canada to other parts of the world will be eligible for registration under the recognized breed name.
- (3) The initiating group will provide an explanation for the proposed name change.
- (4) Poll the initiating group of members and if they are in favour of the amendment to the name of the breed, that the following information is provided to the Canadian Kennel Club:
 - (a) The process for polling the membership of the initiating group of members;
 - (b) The number of initiating group of members; and
 - (c) The results of the polling.
- (5) In accordance with the Animal Pedigree Act, in order to amend the name of a breed on the list of Recognized Breeds in the By-laws, the CKC membership must be polled and if at least 25% of the membership casts a ballot with two-thirds being in favour, the name of the breed may be amended as proposed.
- (6) Once the certificate of approval is received from the Minister, the list of Recognized Breeds in the By-laws will be amended to include the new breed name and the CKC database will be updated accordingly.

REGISTRATION

APPENDIX 1 – Recognized Breeds

The following list includes all breeds currently recognized by The Canadian Kennel Club. It includes all those breeds listed in Section 24 of The By-laws:

- 1) Affenpinscher
- 2) Afghan Hound
- 3) Airedale Terrier
- 4) Akita
- 5) Alaskan Malamute
- 6) American Eskimo Dog
- 7) American Staffordshire Terrier
- 8) Anatolian Shepherd Dog
- 9) Australian Cattle Dog
- 10) Australian Kelpie
- 11) Australian Shepherd
- 12) Australian Stumpy Tail Cattle Dog
- 13) Australian Terrier
- 14) Barbet
- 15) Basenji
- 16) Basset Hound
- 17) Beagle
- 18) Bearded Collie
- 19) Bedlington Terrier
- 20) Belgian Shepherd Dog (*)
- 21) Berger des Pyrenees
- 22) Berger Picard
- 23) Bernese Mountain Dog
- 24) Bichon Frise
- 25) Black Russian Terrier
- 26) Bloodhound
- 27) Border Terrier
- 28) Borzoi
- 29) Boston Terrier
- 30) Bouvier des Flandres
- 31) Boxer
- 32) Braque Francais
- 33) Briard
- 34) Bulldog
- 35) Bullmastiff
- 36) Bull Terrier
- 37) Bull Terrier (Miniature)
- 38) Cairn Terrier
- 39) Canaan Dog
- 40) Canadian Eskimo Dog
- 41) Cavalier King Charles Spaniel
- 42) Cesky Terrier
- 43) Chihuahua (*)
- 44) Chinese Crested Dog
- 45) Chinese Shar-Pei
- 46) Chow Chow
- 47) Collie (*)
- 48) Coonhound (Black and Tan)
- 49) Dachshund (*)
- 50) Dalmatian
- 51) Dandie Dinmont Terrier
- 52) Deerhound (Scottish)
- 53) Doberman Pinscher
- 54) Drever
- 55) English Toy Spaniel
- 56) Entlebucher Mountain Dog
- 57) Eurasier

- 58) Finnish Lapphund
- 59) Finnish Spitz
- 60) Foxhound (American)
- 61) Foxhound (English)
- 62) Fox Terrier (Smooth)
- 63) Fox Terrier (Wire)
- 64) French Bulldog
- 65) German Pinscher
- 66) German Shepherd Dog
- 67) Glen of Imaal Terrier
- 68) Great Dane
- 69) Great Pyrenees
- 70) Greater Swiss Mountain Dog
- 71) Greenland Dog
- 72) Greyhound
- 73) Griffon (Brussels)
- 74) Griffon (Wire-Haired Pointing)
- 75) Harrier
- 76) Havanese
- 77) Hovawart
- 78) Ibizan Hound
- 79) Iceland Sheepdog
- 80) Irish Terrier
- 81) Irish Wolfhound
- 82) Italian Greyhound
- 83) Japanese Chin
- 84) Japanese Spitz
- 85) Karelian Bear Dog
- 86) Keeshond
- 87) Kerry Blue Terrier
- 88) Komondor
- 89) Kuvasz
- 90) Lagotto Romagnolo
- 91) Lakeland Terrier
- 92) Leonberger
- 93) Lhasa Apso
- 94) Lowchen
- 95) Maltese
- 96) Manchester Terrier
- 97) Mastiff
- 98) Miniature Pinscher
- 99) Mudi
- 100) Neapolitan Mastiff
- 101) Newfoundland
- 102) Norfolk Terrier
- 103) Norrbottenspets
- 104) Norwegian Buhund
- 105) Norwegian Elkhound
- 106) Norwegian Lundehund
- 107) Norwich Terrier
- 108) Old English Sheepdog
- 109) Otterhound
- 110) Papillon
- 111) Pekingese
- 112) Petit Basset Griffon Vendeen
- 113) Pharaoh Hound
- 114) Pointer
- 115) Pointer (German Long-Haired)
- 116) Pointer (German Short-Haired)
- 117) Pointer (German Wire-Haired)
- 118) Polish Lowland Sheepdog
- 119) Pomeranian
- 120) Poodle
- 121) Portuguese Sheepdog
- 122) Portuguese Water Dog
- 123) Pudelpointer
- 124) Pug

- 125) Puli
- 126) Rat Terrier
- 127) Retriever (Chesapeake Bay)
- 128) Retriever (Curly-Coated)
- 129) Retriever (Flat-Coated)
- 130) Retriever (Golden)
- 131) Retriever (Labrador)
- 132) Retriever (Nova Scotia Duck Tolling)
- 133) Rhodesian Ridgeback
- 134) Rottweiler
- 135) Saint Bernard
- 136) Saluki
- 137) Samoyed
- 138) Schapendoes
- 139) Schipperke
- 140) Schnauzer (Giant)
- 141) Schnauzer (Miniature)
- 142) Schnauzer (Standard)
- 143) Scottish Terrier
- 144) Sealyham Terrier
- 145) Setter (English)
- 146) Setter (Gordon)
- 147) Setter (Irish)
- 148) Setter (Irish Red & White)
- 149) Shetland Sheepdog
- 150) Shiba Inu
- 151) Shih Tzu
- 152) Shikoku
- 153) Siberian Husky
- 154) Silky Terrier
- 155) Skye Terrier
- 156) Soft-Coated Wheaten Terrier
- 157) Spaniel (American Cocker)
- 158) Spaniel (American Water)
- 159) Spaniel (Blue Picardy)
- 160) Spaniel (Brittany)
- 161) Spaniel (Clumber)
- 162) Spaniel (English Cocker)
- 163) Spaniel (English Springer)
- 164) Spaniel (Field)
- 165) Spaniel (French)
- 166) Spaniel (Irish Water)
- 167) Spaniel (Sussex)
- 168) Spaniel (Welsh Springer)
- 169) Spanish Water Dog
- 170) Spinone Italiano
- 171) Staffordshire Bull Terrier
- 172) Swedish Valhund
- 173) Tibetan Mastiff
- 174) Tibetan Spaniel
- 175) Tibetan Terrier
- 176) Toy Fox Terrier
- 177) Vizsla (Smooth)
- 178) Vizsla (Wire-Haired)
- 179) Weimaraner
- 180) Welsh Corgi (Cardigan)
- 181) Welsh Corgi (Pembroke)
- 182) Welsh Terrier
- 183) West Highland White Terrier
- 184) Whippet
- 185) Xoloitzcuintli
- 186) Yorkshire Terrier

* Subject to The By-laws, Special Regulations

REGISTRATION

APPENDIX 2 – Listed Breeds

Listed Breeds

Azawakh (Africa)
Beauceron (France)
Border Collie (England)
Braque d'Auvergne (France)
Cane Corso (Italy)
Coton de Tulear (France)
Dogue de Bordeaux (France)
Japanese Akita (Japan)
Kleiner Munsterlander Vorstehund (Germany)
Lancashire Heeler (England)
Miniature American Shepherd
Parson Russell Terrier (England)
Russell Terrier (USA)
Russkiy Toy (Russia)
Tatra Sheepdog (Poland)

Effective Date

July 1, 2019 [Board Motion #09-09-18]
July 1, 2015 [Board Motion #24-12-14]
September 1, 2007
July 1, 2017 [Board Motion #108-09-16]
September 1, 2006
September 1, 2006
July 1, 2011 [Board Motion #20-12-10]
January 1, 2020 [Board Motion #74-03-19]
July 1, 2007
January 1, 2011 [Board Motion #72-09-10]
July 1, 2018 [Board Motion #52-09-17]
September 1, 2006
July 1, 2016 [Board Motion #112-03-16]
July 1, 2016 [Board Motion #113-03-16]
July 1, 2007

REGISTRATION

APPENDIX 3 – List of Recognized Foreign Stud Books (*Denotes FCI Member Club)

A. Recognize Auslandsanerkennung (VDH) Certified Pedigrees from Germany [Board Motions #53-12-11, #66-06-12, #81-06-20]

- (1) Pedigrees for dogs imported into Canada from Germany issued by Auslandsanerkennung (VDH), be accepted by The Canadian Kennel Club for registration purposes provided that these pedigrees are accompanied by the VDH Auslandsanerkennung certificate.

ARGENTINA:

***Federacion Cinologica Argentina**
Moreno 1323 - C109 1ABA Buenos Aires
Argentina
Tel: 011 54 4383-0031
Fax: 011 54 4384-7785
E-Mail: fca@fca.org.ar
www.fca2000.org.ar

***Dogs NT (formerly known as North Australian Canine Assoc.)**
PO Box 37521
Winnellie, N.T., 5794, Australia
Tel: 011 61 89 843570
Fax: 011 61 89 843409
Email: naca1@bigpond.com
www.users.bigpond.com/naca1/

AUSTRALIA:

***Australian National Kennel Council**
PO Box 309
Carina, Australia 4152
Tel: +61 7 3398 8608
Fax: +61 7 3395 3858

***Dogs NSW (formerly known as The N.S.W. Canine Council)**
PO Box 632
St. Mary's, NSW, 2760 Australia
Tel: 011 61 2 8343022
Fax: 011 61 8 2625751

***Canine Control Council (Qld)**
Box 495,
Fortitude Valley, Brisbane Qld, 4006
Tel: 011 07 3252 2661
Fax: 011 07 3252 3864

***Dogs SA (formerly known as South Australian Canine Association)**
PO Box 844
Prospect East 5082 South Australia
Tel: 011 61 8 3494797
Fax: 011 61 8 2625751
Email: info@caninenet.com
www.saca.caninenet.com

***Dogs ACT (formerly known as Canberra Kennel Association)**
PO Box 815
Dickson, A.C.T. 2602
Tel: 011 06 2414404
Fax: 011 06 2411129

Greyhounds Only:

***Dogs West (formerly known as Canine Association of Western Australia)**
PO Box 1404
Canning Vale, WA 6970
Tel: 011 08 9455 1188
Fax: 011 08 9455 1190
Email: office@dogsvictoria.org.au
www.dogsvictoria.org.au

***Tasmanian Canine Association Inc**
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Tel: 011 62 729443
Fax: 011 62 730844
Email: tca@iprimuis.com.au
www.tascanineassoc.org/

The Australian and New Zealand Greyhound Association
3rd Floor, 1 Queens Road
Melbourne Victoria 3000, Australia
Tel: 011 61 3 8664519
Fax: 011 61 3 8203725

AUSTRIA:

***Osterreichischer Kynologenverband**

Johann Teufelgasse 8
Siegfried Marcus Str. 7
A – 2362 Biedermannsdorf,
Austria
Tel: 011 43(0)2236-710 667
Fax: 011 43 1/88 92 621
Email: office@oekv.at
www.oekv.at

BARBADOS:

Barbados Kennel Club

PO Box 344
Bridgetown Barbados, WI
Tel: (246) 417-0607

BELGIUM:

***Union Royale Cynologique Saint Hubert**

Avenue A. Giraud, 98
B - 1030 Bruxelles
Tel: 011 32 2/245 48 40
Fax: 011 32 2/245 87 90

BERMUDA:

The Bermuda Kennel Club

PO Box HM 1455
Hamilton HM FX, Bermuda
Tel: 295-4974
Fax: 236-9569
Voice Mail: 291-0930
Email:
[http://www.bermudakennelclub.com/component/
option.com_contact/Itemid,3/](http://www.bermudakennelclub.com/component/option.com_contact/Itemid,3/)
www.bkc.bm

CHINA: [Board Motion #53-09-14]

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Beijing, P.R.China 100020
Tel: +86 010 6553 9773
Website: <http://www.cku.org.cn>

COLOMBIA:

***Asociacion Club Canino Colombano**

Calle 123 A No. 60-23
Bogota, D.C. Colombia
Tel: 011 57 1 624-6016
Fax: 011 57 1 226-4195
canino@elsitvonet.co

***CROATIA:**

Hrvatski Kinoloski Savez (Croatian Kennel Club)

HR 10000 Zagreb, Ilica 61
Croatia
Tel/Fax: +385 (0) 1/48 46 124
Email: hks@hks.hr
www.hks.hr

Since the break-up of USSR, Czechoslovakia was divided into:

CZECH REPUBLIC:

***Ceskomoravska Kynologicka Unie**

U Pergamenky 3
170 00 Praha 7 Holesovice
Tscechische Republik
Tel: 011 42/234 602-274
Fax: 011 42/234 602-27
Email: cmku@cmku.cz
www.cmku.cz/

DENMARK:

***Dansk Kennel Klub**

Parkvej 1, DK - 2680 Solrod Strand
Denmark
Tel: 011 45 56/188100
Fax: 011 45 56/188191

EAST AFRICA:

East Africa Kennel Club

PO Box 14223, Sports Road,
Westlands, Nairobi, Kenya

FINLAND:

***Suomen Kennelliitto - Finska Kennelklubben**

Kamreerintie 8
SF - 02770 Espoo, Finland
Tel: 011 358/9 887 300
Fax: 011 358/9 887 30331

FRANCE:

***Societe Centrale Canine pour l'Amelioration des Races de Chiens en France**

155, avenue Jean Jaures
F - 93535 Aubervilliers Cedex, France
Tel: 011 33/(1) 49 37 54 00
Fax: 011 33/(1) 49 37 01 20

GERMANY:

*AFFENPINSCHERS, MINIATURE PINSCHERS,
MINIATURE, STANDARD and GIANT
SCHNAUZERS Only.*

***Pinscher-Schnauzer-Klub 1895 E.V.**

Behringstrasse 26 5110 Alsdorf
Germany

*AFGHAN HOUNDS, BORZOIS,
GREYHOUNDS, SALUKIS, SCOTTISH
DEERHOUNDS, IRISH WOLFOUNDERS,
WHIPPETS Only.*

***Deutscher Windhundzucht-und
Rennverband E.V.**

Brandenburger Weg 9
3201 Sohlde
Germany

*AKITAS, ALASKAN MALAMUTES,
NORWEGIAN ELKHOUNDS, SAMOYEDS,
SIBERIAN HUSKYS Only.*

***Deutscher Club fur Nordische Hunde E.V.**

Tuefenbronner Weg 7
13469 Berlin
Germany
Tel/Fax: 011 033746-73048
Email: gisela.bebert@t-online.de
www.dcnh.de

BASSET HOUNDS Only.

***Basset-Hound Club von Deutschland E.V.**

Bruder-Becker Strasse 42
8728 Hassfurt
Germany

BEAGLES Only.

***Beagle Club Deutschland E.V.**

Ginsterweg
5650 Solingen
Germany

BELGIAN SHEPHERD DOGS Only.

***Deutscher Club fur Belgische Schaferhunde
E.V.**

Brunnenplatz 5
7981 Berg-Ravensburg
Germany

*BERNESE MOUNTAIN DOGS for the "BERNER
SENNEHUNDE" variety only.*

***Schweizer Sennenhund-Verein fur
Deutschland E.V.**

Dollersweger Hof 26
5632 Wermelskirchen 1
Germany

BOUVIER DES FLANDRES Only.

***Deutscher Bouvier-Club von 1977 E.V.**

Rochusberg 34
6530 Bingen
Germany

BOXERS Only.

***Boxer-Klub E.V.**

Veldener Strasse 64/66
8000 Munchen 60
Germany

BULL TERRIERS Only.

***Deutscher Club fur Bullterrier E.V.**

Schwellbergstrasse 17
6274 Hunstetten-Bechtheim
Germany
CHOW CHOWS Only.

***Allgemeiner Chow-Chow Klub E.V.**

Leibnizstrasse 18
6072 Dreieich
Germany

*COLLIES, SHETLAND SHEEPDOGS, OLD
ENGLISH SHEEPDOGS, PEMBROKE and
CARDIGAN WELSH CORGIS and BEARDED
COLLIES Only.*

***Klub fur Britische Hutehunde E.V.**

Dopheide 53
4815 Schloss Holte
Germany

DACHSHUNDS Only.

***Deutscher Teckelklub 1888 E.V.**

Prinzenstrasse 38
4100 Duisburg
Germany

DALMATIANS Only.

***Deutscher Dalmatiner-Klub v 1920 E.V.**

Kirchstrasse 24
8029 Sauerlach
Germany

DOBERMAN PINSCHERS Only.

***Dobermann-Verein E.V.**

Dellwiger Strasse 17
45357 Essen 11
Germany

ENGLISH BULL DOGS Only.

***Allgemeiner Club fur Englische Bulldogs E.V.**

Schillerstrasse 51
4200 Oberhausen 1
Germany

FOX TERRIERS Only.

***Deutscher Fox Terrier-Verband E.V.**

4600 Dortmund 76
Dorneystrasse 65/67
Germany

FRENCH BULLDOGS Only.

***Internationaler Klub fur Franzosische Bulldoggen E.V.**

Carl Goerdelerstrasse 29
7140 Ludwigsburg
Germany

GERMAN SHEPHERD DOGS Only.

***Verein fur Deutsche Schaferhunde E.V.**

Steinerne Furt 71/71A
8900 Augsburg
Germany

GERMAN SHORTHAIRED POINTERS Only.

***Deutsche-Kurzhaar-Verband E.V.**

Germersheimer Strasse 148
67354 Romerberg-Berghausen
Germany

GERMAN WIREHAIRED POINTERS Only.

***Verein Deutsche-Drahthaar E.V.**

Siegelsdorfer Strasse 18a
90587 Veitsbronn, Germany

GREAT DANES Only.

***Deutscher Doggen-Klub 1888 E.V.**

Ringstrasse 2
4441 Lunne, Germany

KEESHONDEN, POMERANIANS Only.

***Verein fur Deutsche Spitze E.V.**

7250 Leonberg
Oberer Schutzenrain 16
Germany

KOMODOROK, PULIK, KUVASZOK, VIZLAS Only.

***Klub fur Ungarische Hirtenhunde E.V.**

Siedlerweg 10
2859 Nordholz
Germany

LHASA APSOS, TIBETAN TERRIERS and TIBETAN SPANIELS Only.

***Internationaler Klub fur Tibetische Hunderassen E.V.**

Groten Grund 19
2374 Fockbek
Germany

BICHON FRISES, CAVALIER KING CHARLES SPANIEL, CHIHUAHUAS, HAVANESE, LOWCHEN, GRIFFON (BRUSSELS), MALTESE, PUGS, PAPILLONS, SCHIPPERKES, SHIH TZU Only.

***Verband Deutscher Kleinhundezuechter E.V.**

Hauptstrasse 10
7012 Fellbach-Oeffingen
Germany

NEWFOUNDLANDS Only.

***Deutscher Neufundlander-Klub E.V.**

Beckmannweg 1
4270 Dorsten
Germany

PEKINGESE, JAPANESE CHIN Only.

***Internationaler Klub fur Japan-Chin, Peking-Palasthunde und Toy-Spaniel E.V.**

AM Arnsgraben 20
6384 Schmitten 1
Germany

POINTERS and ENGLISH, IRISH and GORDON SETTERS Only.

***Verein fur Pointer und Setter E.V.**

Friedhofstrasse 1
8071 Grossmehring-Demling
Germany

POODLES Only.

***Deutscher Pudel-Klub E.V.**

Hauptgeschäftsstelle
Vaderkeborg 19
2950 Leer
Germany

***Verband der Pudelfreunde Deutschland E.V.**

Postfach 144
2055 Wohltorf
Germany

RETRIEVERS, GOLDEN and LABRADOR Only.

***Deutscher Retriever Club E.V.**

Heimat 83
1000 Berlin 37
Germany

ROTTWEILERS Only.

***Allgemeiner Deutscher Rottweiler-Klub E.V.**

Sudring 18
32429 Minden Germany
Telephone# 0571-50404/0
Fax# 0571-5040444

*SPANIELS: CLUMBER, AMERICAN COCKER,
ENGLISH COCKER, ENGLISH SPRINGER,
IRISH WATER, SUSSEX, WELSH SPRINGER
Only.*

***Jagdspaniel-Klub E.V.**

Wasserweg 9
8501 Burgthann-Mimberg
Germany

SAINT. BERNARDS Only.

***St. Bernhards-Klub E.V.**

Bachstrasse 1
6390 Usingen 2
Germany

*TERRIERS: AIREDALE, AUSTRALIAN,
BEDLINGTON, BORDER, BOSTON, CAIRN,
DANDIE DINMONT, IRISH, KERRY BLUE,
LAKELAND, MANCHESTER, NORFOLK,
NORWICH, SCOTTISH, SEALYHAM, SILKY,
SYKE, SOFT-COATED WHEATEN, WELSH,
WEST HIGHLAND WHITE, YORKSHIRE Only.*

***Klub fur Terrier E.V.**

Ohrensener Weg 18
2165 Harsefeld
Germany

WEIMARANERS Only.

***Weimaraner Klub E.V.**

Dudweiler Strasse 26A
3300 Braunschweig
Germany

WIRE-HAIRED POINTING GRIFFONS Only.

***Griffon-Klub E.V.**

Ungerstrasse 75
8000 Munchen 40
Germany

YORKSHIRE TERRIERS Only.

***Deutscher Yorkshire-Terrier Club E.V.**

Ulmenstrasse 27
4421 Gross-Reken
Germany

HONG KONG:

***Hong Kong Kennel Club**

28B Stanley St., 3rd Floor
Hong Kong
Tel: 011 852 5 233944

HUNGARY:

***Magyar Ebtenyesztok Orszagos Egyesulete**

Tentyi ut 128/b-130
KOZP: H - 1116 Budapest
Hungary
Tel: 011 36 1 /203 01 52/53/54-
Fax: 011 36 1/181 21 53
Email: meoe@t-online.hu
www.kennelclub.hu

INDIA:

***Kennel Club of India**

Post Box No. 6872, No. 28 (Old No. 89)
AA Block, First St.
Anna Nagar, Chennai 600 040
Tel: 011 91 44 2621 3661
kennelclub@eth.net

IRELAND (EXCLUDING NORTHERN IRELAND):

***Irish Kennel Club**

Fottrell House
Harold's Cross Bridge
Dublin 6W, Ireland
Tel: 011 353 1 4533000/4532309/4532310
Fax: 011 353 1 4533237

ITALY***Ente Nazionale della Cinofilia Italiana**

Viale Corsica 20
1-20129 Milano, Italy
Tel: 011 39 2 7002031
Fax: 011 39 2 70020364

JAMAICA:**Jamaica Kennel Club**

73 Lady Musgrave Road (10)
Kingston & St. Andrew
Jamaica, West Indies
Tel: (876) 978-5918

JAPAN:***Japan Kennel Club**

1-5 Kanda, Suda-cho, chiyoda-ku
Tokyo 101, Japan
Tel: 011 81 3 32511651/Fax: 011 81 3 32
511659
Email: jkc@jkc.or.jp

JERSEY:**The Kennel Club of Jersey**

Mrs. Pamela Mottershaw, Hon. Secretary
La Vielle Guilleaumerie
St Saviour
Jersey JE 2, 7 HQ
Channel Islands

KOREA:**Korean Kennel Club**

4F, Maeil Business Building
51, Pildong 1 - ka
Jung Ku, Seoul, Korea

KOREA KENNEL FEDERATION

5F, 12GIL 19, CHEONHODAE-RO,
DONGDAEMUN-GU, SEOUL, REP OF KOREA

MALAYSIA:***Persatuan Kennel Anjing Malaysia Malaysian Kennel Association**

No. 8A (1st Floor) Jalan Tun Mohd Fuad 2
Taman Tun Dr Ismail
60000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaya
Tel: 011 60 3 7729-2027
011 60 3 7729-2822
Fax: 011 60 3 77282312
Email: admin@mka.org.my
www.mka.org

MALTA:***Malta Kennel Association**

54, rue d'Argens
Msida, Malta MSD 05
Tel/Fax: 011 (0356) 21343524
Email: info@maltakennelclub.org
www.maltakennelclub.org

MEXICO:***Federacion Canofila Mexicana**

CP 14430
Mexico DF
Tel: 011 525 655 9330
Fax: 011 525 655 7362

MONACO:***Societe Canine de Monaco**

Avenue d'Ostende 12
Palais des Congres
MC-98000 Monte Carlo, Monaco
Tel: 011 33 93 50 55 14
Fax: 011 33 93 30 55 03

MYANMAR:**Burma Kennel Club**

Room No. 10, 342 Maha Bandoola St.
Rangoon, Myanmar

NETHERLANDS:***Raad Van Beheer op Kynologisch Gebied in Nederland**

Postbus 75901
NL 1070AX Amsterdam-Z, Netherlands
Tel: 011 31 20 6644471
Fax: 011 31 20 6710846

NEW ZEALAND:***The New Zealand Kennel Club**

Prosser Street, Eldson
Private Bag 50903
Porirua, New Zealand
Tel: 011 64 4 2374489
Fax: 011 64 4 2370721
E-Mail: nzkc@nzkc.org.nz

NORWAY:***Norsk Kennel Club**

Nils Hansens vei, 20
Box 163 Bryn
N - 0611 Oslo 6, Norway
Tel: 011 47 22 65 60 00
Fax: 011 47 22 72 04 74

PAKISTAN:

***The Kennel Club of Pakistan**

4 Church Road
Old Annarcali
Lahore, Pakistan
Tel: +92 (42) 7355855
Email: kcp@kcp.com.pk

PHILLIPPINES:

***The Phillippine Canine Club, Inc.**

RM A206 Hillcrest Condominium
E. Rodrigues SR. Boulevard
Corner Hillcrest St
Cubao, Quezon City
Tel: 011 632 721-8345
Fax: 011 632 721-7152

PORTUGAL:

***Clube Portuges de Canicultura**

Rua Frei Carlos 7
P-1600 095 Lisbon, Portugal
Tel: 011 217-994-790
Fax: 011 217-994-799
www.cpc.pt

PUERTO RICO:

***Federacion Canofila de Puerto Rico**

PO Box 13898
San Juan, PR 00908-38
Tel: 787-748-3654 & 787-748-9295
Fax: 787-283-1143
E-Mail: radesa@prtc.net

SINGAPORE:

***Singapore Kennel Club**

Suite 12-02, 12th Floor
Bukit Timah Shopping Centre
170, Upper Bukit Timah Road
588179 Singapore
Tel: 011 65 469 4821
Fax: 011 65 469 9118

SLOVENIA:

***Slovenia Kennel Club (now CYNOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION OF SLOVENIA)**

Kinoloska Zveza Slovenije
Ljirska 27
1000 Ljubljana
Tel: 386 1/234 09 50
Fax: 386 1/234 09 60

SLOVAKIA:

***Slovenska Kynologicka Jednota**

Stefanikova, 10
SK - 811 05 Bratislava
Tel/Fax: 011 42 / 7 392 298
Email: skj@skj.sk
www.skj.sk

SOUTH AFRICA:

***The Kennel Union of South Africa**

Bree Castle
6th Floor, 68 Bree St, PO Box 2659
Cape Town 8001, South Africa
Tel: 011 27 21 239027/8
Fax: 011 27 21 235876

SPAIN:

***Real Sociedad Canina de Espana**

C/Lagasca, 16 – Bajo Dcha.
28001 Madrid, Spain
Tel: 011 34 91 426 4960
Fax: 011 34 91 435 1113/91 435 2895

SWEDEN:

***Svenska Kennelklubben**

SE-163 85 Spanga, Sweden
Tel: 011 46/8 795 30 00
Fax: 011 46/ 8 795 30 40
E-mail: info@skk.se

SWITZERLAND:

***Societe Cynologique Suisse**

Langgassstrasse 8
Postfach 8217
3001 Berne, Switzerland
Tel: 011 031 301 5819
Fax: 011 031 302 0215

TAIWAN: [Board Motion #27-12-14]

Kennel Club of Taiwan
1F, 303-1, Da Chang 1st Road
Kaohsiung, Taiwan R.O.C.
Tel: 07-389 3006
Fax: 07-389 3060
Email: kctdogtw@yahoo.com.tw

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO:

Trinidad and Tobago Kennel Club

Bretton Hall
16 Victoria Ave, PO Box 737
Port of Spain, Trinidad, WI
Tel./Fax: (868) 623-5721
E-Mail: Kennelclub@TSTT.Net

UNITED KINGDOM: (INCLUDING NORTHERN IRELAND)

The Kennel Club

1 Clarges St.
London, England
W1J 8AB
Tel: 011 44 171 493 6651/6295 828
Fax: 011 44 171 518 1058

UNITED STATES: (ALL RECOGNIZED BREEDS EXCEPT, AUSTRALIAN SHEPHERD DOGS)

The American Kennel Club

5580 Centerview Drive
Raleigh, NC USA 27606-3380
Tel: 919-233-9767
Fax: 919-233-3618

Australian Shepherd Club of America

(Australian Shepherds only)
1706 E 29th Street, Suite E
Bryan, TX USA 7802
Tel: (979)778-1082
Lola Hill

National Greyhounds Association

(Greyhounds only)
PO Box 543
Abilene, KS USA 67410
Tel: (913) 263-4660
Vickie Sharon

National Entlebucher Mountain Dog Association

(Entlebucher Mountain Dogs only)
10145 Olympia Park Road
Grass Valley, CA USA 95945
Tel: (530) 273-7090
Fax: (530) 477-7417

VENEZUELA:

***Federacion Canina de Venezuela**

Calle Taborda, Qta Ramiaya, Urb
San Roma, Las Mercedes
Apartado 88665
Caracas - 1080 A, Venezuela
Tel: 011 58 2 914 490
Fax: 011 58 2 912 301

REGISTRATION

APPENDIX 4 – List of Known DNA Facilities in Canada and USA

It should be noted that The Canadian Kennel Club does not license, sponsor or endorse any of the listed facilities. The list is provided to the membership only for their information and convenience.

CANADIAN DNA FACILITIES

Idexx Laboratories
Veterinary Laboratory Services
1345 Denison Street
Markham, ON L3R 5V2
Tel: (416) 798-4988
Fax: (905) 475-7309

Health Gene Corporation
9131 Keele Street Unit A2
Concord, ON L4K 0G7
Tel: 289 553 5230
Toll Free: 1 877 371 1551
Fax: 289 553 5232
E-mail: info@healthgene.com

Viaguard Accu-metrics
DNA Division
1232 Kingston RD
Toronto, ON M1N 1P3
Tel: 1-877-842-4827
416-691-4167
E-mail: info@accu-metrics.com

AMERICAN DNA FACILITIES

University of Pennsylvania
Department of Clinical Studies
Veterinarian Hospital
3850 Spruce St.
Philadelphia, PA USA 19104-6010
Phone: (215) 898-3375

MMI Genomics Inc.
1756 Picasso Ave.
Davis, CA USA 95616
Toll Free: (800) 311-8808
Fax: (530) 297-3020

DDC Veterinary
DNA Technology Park
One DDC Way
Fairfield, Ohio 45014
USA
1-800-625-0874
<http://www.vetdnacenter.com>

REGISTRATION

APPENDIX 5 – List of Protected Kennel Names

[Board Motions #28-12-18, #83-06-20]

<u>KENNEL NAME</u>	<u>OWNER(S)</u>	<u>DATE</u>
TAOLAN	RONALD & GAIL POHL	FEB 2, 2017
BUCHENWALD	JOLENE BUCHHOLZ	JUN 2, 2018
ELSDON	NIGEL AUBREY-JONES & R. WILLIAM TAYLOR	SEP 8, 2018
ST AUBREY	R. WILLIAM TAYLOR & NIGEL AUBREY-JONES	SEP 8, 2018
KISHNIGA	JOHN REEVE-NEWSON, RICHARD MEEN & SEAN McCARTHY	JUL 21, 2020