

**GROUP VII: HERDING DOGS** 

# POLISH LOWLAND SHEEPDOG

RECOGNIZED: 2006

Effective: January 2007

The breed standard outlines the ideal characteristics, temperament and appearance of a breed, and ensures that a dog can carry out its original purpose. Breeders and judges should be mindful to prioritize dogs that are healthy and sound in both mind and body.

#### **ORIGIN & PURPOSE**

The Polish Lowland Sheepdog is a herding dog native to Poland bred from the ancient Puli and long-coated herding dogs of the Huns. Easy to handle, he works like a sheepdog and guard dog. Moved to urban city life, he is very good companion dog.

## **GENERAL APPEARANCE**

The Polish Lowland sheepdog is a dog of medium size, compact, strong, muscular, with a thick long coat. His well-groomed coat gives an attractive and interesting appearance.

## **TEMPERAMENT**

Of a lively but tempered disposition, vigilant, agile, intelligent, perceptive and gifted with a good memory. Resistant to unfavourable climatic conditions.

## SIZE

Height at the withers: Dogs, 45 to 50 cm (17.75 to 19.75 in); bitches, 42 to 47 cm (16.5 to 18.5 in)

The dog must retain the type of a working dog; consequently, his size must not go down below the standard; he must neither be too weak nor delicate.

*Important proportions:* The proportion of height at withers to length of body is 9:10. The ratio length of muzzle to length of skull is 1:1; yet the muzzle can be a little shorter.

## **COAT**

**Skin:** Tight-fitting, without any folds. **Hair:** The whole body covered with coarse hair, dense, thick, and profuse; soft undercoat. Straight or slightly wavy hair is acceptable. The hairs falling from the forehead cover the eyes in a characteristic manner.

## **COLOUR**

All colours and patches are acceptable.

## **HEAD**

Medium dimension, proportional, not too heavy. The thick fur on the forehead, the cheeks and the chin give the head a look of being heavier than it really is. *Skull*: Not excessively broad, slightly rounded. Frontal furrow and occipital protuberance noticeable. *Stop*: Well accentuated. *Nose*: As dark as possible in relation to the colour of the coat with large nostrils. *Muzzle*: Strong, blunt. Nasal bridge straight. *Lips*: Fitting well; their edges are of the same colour as the nose. *Jaw/teeth*: Strong jaws. Teeth strong, with scissors or pincer bite. *Eyes*: Medium size, oval, not protruding, hazel colour, with lively and piercing look. The rims of the eyelids are dark. *Ears*: Hanging, set rather high, of medium size, heart-shaped, wide at base; the fore edge is close against the cheeks; very mobile.

#### **NECK**

Of medium length, strong, muscled, without dewlap, carried rather horizontally.

## **FOREQUARTERS**

Seen in profile and from the front: Vertical and straight. Stance well balanced due to a strong skeleton (bone structure). **Shoulders:** broad, of medium length, oblique, clean cut, very muscular. **Pastern:** Slightly slanting in relation to the forearm. **Forefeet:** Oval, tight toes, slightly arched pads really hard. Nails short, as dark as possible.

#### **BODY**

Outline: Rather rectangular than square. Withers: Well accentuated. Back: Flat, well muscled. Loin: Broad, well fused. Croup: Short, slightly truncated. Chest: Deep, of medium width; ribs quite well sprung, neither flat nor barrel-shaped. Underline/belly: Outlining an elegant curve towards the hindquarters part.

#### **HINDQUARTERS**

Seen from behind: Vertical, well angulated. *Thigh:* Broad, well muscled. *Hock:* Well developed. *Hind feet:* Compact, oval shape.

## **TAIL**

Short tail or stumpy tail, very shortly docked tail. Undocked quite long and very hairy tail. At rest the tail is hanging; if the dog is alert, the tail is gaily curved over the back, never curled or lying on the back. Undocked tail of medium length, carried in different manners.

#### GAIT

Easy and ground covering. Walk or trot smooth (without much vertical displacement). The dog often ambles when he walks slowly.

#### **FAULTS**

Any departure from the aforementioned ideals shall be considered faulty to the degree in which it interferes with the health and well-being of the dog and the breed's traditional purpose.

Note: Male animals should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.